**THIRUVALLUVAR UNIVERSITY**

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE**

**B.Sc. PHYSICS**

**DEGREE COURSE**

**(With effect from 2020 - 2021)**

**The Course of Study and the Scheme of Examinations**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **S. No.** | **Part** | **Study Components** | **Ins. Hrs / week** | **Credit** | **Title of the Paper** | **Maximum Marks** |
| **Course Title** |
| **SEMESTER I** |  |  |  | **CIA** | **Uni. Exam** | **Total** |
|  | I | Language | Paper-1 | 6 | 4 | Tamil/Other Languages | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | II | English (CE) | Paper-1 | 6 | 4 | **Communicative English I** | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-1 | 6 | 4 | Mechanics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-1 | 4 | - |  | - | - | - |
|  | III | Allied -1 | Paper-1 | 4 | 3 | Chemistry I or Biochemistry I | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Allied Practical | Practical-1 | 2 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | **III** | **PE** | **Paper 1** | **6** | **3** | **Professional English I** | **25** | **75** | **100** |
|  | IV | Environmental Studies |  | 2 | 2 | Environmental studies | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  |  | **Sem. Total** |  | **36** | **20** |  | **150** | **450** | **600** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **SEMESTER II** |  |  |  | **CIA** | **Uni. Exam** | **Total** |
|  | I | Language | Paper-2 | 6 | 4 | Tamil/Other Languages | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | II | English (CE) | Paper-2 | 6 | 4 | **Communicative English II** | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-2 | 4 | 4 | Heat and Thermodynamics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-1 | 3 | 2 | Practical - I | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Allied-1 | Paper-2 | 4 | 3 | Chemistry II or Biochemistry II | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Allied Practical  | Practical-1 | 2 | 2 | Practical-Allied | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | **III** | **PE** | **Paper 1** | **6** | **3** | **Professional English II** | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Value Education |  | 2 | 2 | Value Education | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Soft Skill |  | 2 | 1 | Soft Skill | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  |  | **Sem. Total** |  | **36** | **25** |  | **225** | **675** | **900** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **SEMESTER III** |  |  |  | **CIA** | **Uni. Exam** | **Total** |
|  | I | Language | Paper-3 | 6 | 4 | Tamil/Other Languages | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | II | English | Paper-3 | 6 | 4 | English | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-3 | 5 | 4 | Electricity, Magnetism and Electromagnetism | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Paper-2 | 3 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | III | Allied-2 | Paper-3 | 6 | 3 | Mathematics I | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Skill BasedSubject | Paper-1 | 2 | 2 | Basic Electrical Technology | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Non-Major Elective | Paper-1 | 2 | 2 | Environmental Physics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  |  | **Sem. Total** |  | **30** | **19** |  | **150** | **450** | **600** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **SEMESTER IV** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | I | Language | Paper-4 | 6 | 4 | Tamil/Other Languages | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | II | English | Paper-4 | 6 | 4 | English | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-4 | 5 | 5 | Waves and Optics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-2 | 3 | 3 | Any 15 Experimentsgiven in the syllabus | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Allied-2 | Paper-4 | 6 | 5 | Mathematics II | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Skill BasedSubject | Paper-2 | 2 | 2 | Physics Workshop Skills | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Non-MajorElective | Paper-2 | 2 | 2 | Everyday Physics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  |  | **Sem. Total** |  | **30** | **25** |  | **175** | **525** | **700** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **SEMESTER V** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-5 | 6 | 6 | Atomic and Molecular Physics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-6 | 6 | 6 | Relativity and Quantum mechanics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-7 | 6 | 6 | Basic and Applied Electronics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-3 | 3 | 0 | General Practical | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-4 | 3 | 0 | Electronics Practical | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | III | Elective | Paper-1 | 4 | 3 | Group (A) or (B) or (C) | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Skill Based Subject | Paper-3 | 2 | 2 | Cell Phone Technology | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  |  | **Sem. Total** |  | **30** | **23** |  | **125** | **375** | **500** |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **SEMESTER VI** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-8 | 5 | 4 | Nuclear and Particle Physics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Theory | Paper-9 | 4 | 4 | Solid State Physics | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-3 | 3 | 3 | General Practical | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Core Practical | Practical-4 | 3 | 3 | Electronics Practical | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Elective | Paper-2 | 4 | 3 | Group (A) or (B) or (C) | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Elective | Paper-3 | 4 | 3 | Group (A) or (B) or (C) | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | III | Compulsory Project |  Paper -10  | 5 | 5 | Group / Individual Project | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | IV | Skill based Subject | Paper-4 | 2 | 2 | Weather forecasting | 25 | 75 | 100 |
|  | V | Extension Activities |  | 0 | 1 |  | 100 | 0 | 100 |
|  |  | **Sem. Total** |  | **30** | **28** |  | **300** | **600** | **900** |
|  |  | **Grand Total** |  |  | **140** |  |  |  | **4200** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Part** | **Subject** | **Papers** | **Credit** | **Total Credits** | **Marks** | **Total Marks** |
| Part I | Languages | 4 | 4 | 16 | 100 | 400 |
| Part II | Communicative English& English | 4 | 4 | 16 | 100 | 400 |
| Part III | Allied (Odd Semester) | 2 | 3 | 6 | 100 | 200 |
|  | Allied (Even Semester) | 2 | 52 | 10 | 100 | 200 |
|  | Allied Practical | 1 | 100 | 100 |
|  | Electives | 3 | 3 | 9 | 100 | 300 |
|  | Core | 9 | (3-5) | 43 | 100 | 900 |
|  | Core practical | 4 | (2-3) | 11 | 100 | 400 |
|  | Professional English  | 2 | 3 | 6 | 100 | 200 |
|  | Compulsory Project (Group/Individual Project) | 1 | 5 | 5 | 100 | 100 |
| Part IV | Environmental Science | 1 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 100 |
|  | Soft skill | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100 | 100 |
|  | Value Education | 1 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 100 |
|  | Lang. & Others /NME | 2 | 2 | 4 | 100 | 200 |
|  | Skill Based | 4 | 2 | 8 | 100 | 400 |
| Part V | Extension Activities  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 100 | 100 |
|  | **Total** | **43** |  | **140** |  | **4200** |

Note: Compulsory Project

The faculty/Guides are advised to give projects and suggest project titles focusing more on the current field of research/social relevance and ensure the level of innovation. Staff member cannot guide more than five studentsfor a group project.

A student may be permitted to work on projects in an Industrial/Research Organization, on the recommendations of the Head of his/her Department. In such cases, the Project work shall be jointly guided by a guide of the department and an expert from the organization. The student shall be instructed to meet the respective guide periodically for evaluating the progress.

**ELECTIVE SUBJECTS**

*Students can choose any one of the groups (Elective I, II & III)*

**GROUP A**

Elective 1: Digital Electronics

Elective 2: Fundamentals of Microprocessor-8085

Elective 3: Nanophysics

**GROUP B**

Elective 1: Digital Electronics

Elective 2: Materials Science

Elective 3: Medical Physics

**GROUP C**

Elective 1: Digital Electronics

Elective 2: Radiation Safety

Elective 3: Astrophysics

**SEMESTER III**

**CORE PAPER-3**

**Electricity, Magnetism & Electromagnetism**

**Course Objectives**

1. Familiarize with the concept of electric flux, electric potential and capacitors.
2. To know the principles current and thermo electricity.
3. Understand the magnetic effects of electric current.
4. Study the unification of electric and magnetic phenomena.
5. To gain knowledge about Maxwell’s equations.

**UNIT- I**

**ELECTROSTATICS**

Coulomb’s Law- Gauss’s Law and its applications (Electric Field due to a uniformly charged sphere, hollow cylinder & solid cylinder)-Electric Potential - Potential at a point due to a uniformly charged conducting sphere-Principle of a capacitor-Capacity of a spherical and cylindrical capacitors- Capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor-Partially filled with dielectric-Energy stored in a charged capacitor-Loss of energy on sharing of charges between two capacitors-Problems solving.

**UNIT - II**

**CURRENT ELECTRICITY AND THERMO ELECTRICITY**

Carey Foster’s Bridge-Determination of temperature coefficient of resistance of a coil–Potentiometer-Calibration of Ammeter and Voltmeter (Low range and High range) -Comparison of Resistances- Seebeck, Peltier and Thomson effects -Peltier coefficient - Thomson coefficient - application of thermodynamics to a thermocouple and expressions for Peltier and Thomson coefficients - thermo electric power and thermo electric diagrams-Problems solving.

**UNIT- III**

**ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION**

Laws of electromagnetic induction- Self and mutual induction- Self-inductance ofa solenoid-Mutual inductance of a pair of solenoids-Coefficient of coupling-Experimental determination of self (Rayleigh’s method) and mutual inductance-Growth and decay of current in a circuit containing L and R-Growth and decay ofcharge in a circuit containing C and R-Measurement of High resistance byleakage-Problems solving.

**UNIT- IV**

**MAGNETISM**

Intensity of Magnetization-Magnetic Susceptibility- Magnetic Permeability-Types of magnetic materials- Properties of para, dia and ferromagnetic materials-Langevin’s theory of dia and para magnetism-Weiss’s theory of ferromagnetism - B-H curve-Energy loss due to magnetic hysteresis- Ballistic Galvanometermethod for plotting B-H curve - Magnetic properties of iron and steel-Problems solving.

**UNIT- V**

**MAXWELL’S EQUATIONS &EMT**

Introduction-Displacement Current-Maxwell’s equations in material media-Plane electromagnetic waves in free space-velocity of light-Electromagnetic waves in isotropic non-conducting media-Index or refraction-Poynting vector-Problems solving

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 4**

1. R Murugeshan- Electricity and magnetism, S Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2006.

**Unit 4 and Unit 5**

1. R Murugeshan- Electricity and magnetism, S Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2006
2. K KTewari, Electricity & Magnetism by, S Chand & Co.,2001.

**Reference Books**

1. [BrijLal](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Author/brij-lal)  and [N Subrahmanyam](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Author/n-subrahmanyam),[Electricity](https://www.sapnaonline.com/books/heat-thermodynamics-brij-lal-812190417x-9788121904179) and Magnetism, [S Chand & Company Pvt Ltd](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Publisher/S%20Chand%20%26%20Company%20Pvt%20Ltd), New Delhi, 2000.
2. D.C. Tayal, Electricity and Magnetism, Himalay Publishing House,Bombay, 1992.
3. M Narayanamurthy& N Nagarathnam, Electricity & Magnetism, National Publishing Co., Meerut.
4. David J Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1997.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coulomb%27s_law>
2. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/physics/electric-charges-and-fields/coulombs-law/>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rkntp3_cZl4>
4. <https://ask.learncbse.in/t/derive-an-expression-for-the-capacitance-of-a-parallel-plate-capacitor/66928>
5. <http://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/18820/1/Experiment-6.pdf>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vGpXTq-ITCE>
7. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thermoelectric_effect>
8. <https://ww.topperlearning.com/answer/derive-the-formula-for-self-inductance-of-a-solenoid/8k8rlhzff>
9. <https://www.brainkart.com/article/Self-inductance-of-a-long-solenoid_12109/>
10. <https://byjus.com/physics/diamagnetic-paramagnetic-ferromagnetic/>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yWa_2P6CDpw>
12. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/101/115101005/>
13. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4vEeG-YmCJQ> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know fundamentals coulomb’s law and Gauss’s law and also able to derive the expression for electric potential, capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor.
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to derive the expression for temperature coefficient resistance of a coil using Carey Foster’s Bridge and able to know how to calibrate the ammeter and voltmeter. Also able to learn the thermo electricity concept.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain the concepts of self and mutual inductance using electromagnetic induction phenomenon.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to distinguish the dia, para and ferro magnetic materials based on different theories.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able formulate the expression for displacement current and Maxwell’s equations.

**ALLIED - 2**

**Paper -3**

**MATHEMATICS - I**

**Objectives of the Course:**

To Explore the Fundamental Concepts of Mathematics

### UNIT-I: ALGEBRA

Partial Fractions - Binomial, Exponential and logarithmic Series (without Proof) - Summation - Simple problems

### UNIT-II : THEORY OF EQUATIONS

Polynomial Equations with real Coefficients - Irrational roots - Complex roots- Transformation of equation by increasing or decreasing roots by a constant - Reciprocal equations - Newton’s method to find a root approximately - Simple problems.

### UNIT-III : MATRICES

Symmetric - Skew-Symmetric - Orthogonal and Unitary matrices - Eigen roots and eigen vectors – Cayley - Hamilton theorem (without proof)-Verification and computation of inverse matrix

### UNIT-IV: TRIGONOMETRY

Expansions of sinn θ, cosn θ, sinnθ, cosnθ, tannθ - Expansions of sin θ, cos θ, tan θ in terms of θ.

### UNIT-V: DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

Successive differentiation upto third order, Jacobians -Concepts of polar co-ordinates-Curvature and radius of curvature in Cartesian co-ordinates and in polar co-ordinates.

**Recommended Text:**

P.Duraipandian and S.Udayabaskaran,(1997) *Allied Mathematics,* Vol. I & II.Muhil Publishers, Chennai.

**Reference Books:**

1. P.Balasubramanian and K.G.Subramanian,(1997) *Ancillary Mathematics.* Vol. I & II. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
2. S.P.Rajagopalan and R.Sattanathan,(2005) *Allied Mathematics* .Vol. I & II. VikasPublications, New Delhi.
3. P.R.Vittal (2003) *Allied Mathematics* .Marghan Publications, Chennai
4. P.Kandasamy, K.Thilagavathy (2003) Allied Mathematics Vol-I, II S.Chand& company Ltd., New Delhi-55.
5. Isaac, Allied Mathematics. New Gamma Publishing House, Palayamkottai.

**SKILL BASED SUBJECT**

**PAPER-1**

**Basic Electrical Technology**

**Course Objectives**

1. Students can know the basic principles of electricity.
2. To expose the knowledge on different kinds of cells and batteries.
3. To state the different theorems for DC circuits and know the function of DC

 generator/motor.

1. To acquire the basic ideas of alternating voltage and current.
2. To know the principle of transformers and motors.

**UNIT- I**

**BASIC ELECTRICITY PRINCIPLES**

Voltage, Current, Resistance, and Power-Ohm's law- Resistors Series, parallel -combinations - Series-Parallel combinations - Charge-Coulomb’s law-Capacitors-Capacitance of capacitor–ACElectricity-LT/HT Line-Concept of neutral and earth-Application of fuse- MCB, ELCB- relays -Electrical Safety- Safety Precautions of Electricity **-**Electric Shock-Preventive measures of Electrical Shock.

**UNIT- II**

**CELL AND BATTERIES**

Dry Cell -Voltaic Cell-Daniel cell-Lechlanche cell-Secondary Cell and its Classification-Lithium Ion Battery- Disparity between Lead Acid Battery and Lithium Ion Battery-Hydrogen battery-UPS Battery -Solar cell-Principle and design.

**UNIT- III**

**DC CIRCUITS**

Kirchhoff’s Current and Voltage Law-Wheatstone’s bridge-Source conversion-Superposition theorem-Thevenin’s theorem-Norton’s theorem-Joule’s law of electric heating-Electric power-D.C generator-Construction and working-D.C motor-Speed of a D.C motor.

**UNIT - IV**

**AC FUNDAMENTALS**

Generation of Alternating voltages and alternating currents-Equations of the alternating voltages and currents-Simple waveforms - Cycle-Time Period - Frequency-Amplitude-Different forms of emf equation - Phase-Phase difference-RMS, Average and Peak values-RLC circuit in series-Resonance in RLC circuit-Graphic representation of series resonance-Single phase and three phase connections-Star and delta connection.

**UNIT- V**

**TRANSFORMERS & MOTORS**

Transformer-Step and Step down transformers-Construction and working-Losses in a transformer-Efficiency of a transformer-Types of a transformers-AC generator/alternator-Principle and construction-Single phase and three phase induction motors-Principle and construction

**Text Books**

**Unit-1 to Unit-5**

1. B.L. Theraja, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi,2008.

2. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, A Text book of Electrical Technology, Volume I & II, Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

**Reference Books**

1. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, Basic Electrical Engineering,S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
2. Basic Electrical Engineering-Vocational Theory-Plus One Text Book-TN State Board.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.electrical4u.com/>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WtymNvcBdIU>
3. <https://www.atlantictraining.com/blog/15-safety-precautions-electricity/>
4. <https://www.explainthatstuff.com/solarcells.html>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L_q6LRgKpTw>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3rOvQ3qFZpI>
7. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wheatstone_bridge>
8. <https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/accircuits/series-resonance.html>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=smXF1UeN0EI> (Tamil video)
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hXLA5sdT9Cs>
11. <http://www.circuitstoday.com/transformer>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know principle of Voltage, Current, Resistance, Ohm’s law and Electrical safety.
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to distinguish between cells and batteries and able to explain the different types of batteries.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to understand the Wheastone’s bridge, Thevenin and Norton’s theorem and also able to describe the function of DC generator and motor.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know the fundamentals of alternating currents and voltages and able to differentiate the single phase and three phase connections.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to acquire the principle and construction of transformers and its types and also able to demonstrate the function of AC generator.

**NON-MAJOR ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-1**

**Environmental Physics**

**Course Objectives**

1. Students will have the basic knowledge about atmosphere, weather and cyclones.
2. To understand the reasons for climate change and global warming.
3. To analyse the need and usage of non-conventional energy resources.
4. To learn the concepts of Radiation detection.
5. To realise the importance of Radiation safety measures.

**UNIT- I**

**ATMOSPHERIC PHYSICS**

Basics of the structure and composition of atmosphere - Layers of atmosphere - Measurement of atmospheric pressure and temperature - Weather patterns - Weather analysis and forecasting - Characteristics of cyclones and anti-cyclones.

**UNIT- II**

**CLIMATE CHANGE**

Climate - Definition and classification - Basic reasons for climate change - Greenhouse effect and gases -Effects of global warming - Ozone depletion - Acid rain.

**UNIT- III**

**ENERGY RESOURCES**

Need for non-conventional energy resources- Solar water heater - Solar cell -Merits and Demerits of Solar energy - Wind energy conversion systems - Bio mass energy - Bio gas generation - Industrial applications.

**UNIT- IV**

**RADIATION DETECTION**

Nuclear reactions - Nuclear fission and fusion - Interaction between energetic particles and matter - Ionisation Chamber - Proportional counter - Geiger Muller Counter - Wilson cloud chamber - Diffusion cloud chamber - Bubble chamber - Nuclear emulsions - Scintillation counter - Cerenkov counter.

**UNIT- V**

**RADIATION SAFETY**

Biological effects of nuclear radiations - Radiation hazards - Radiation protection standards - Radiation protection methods -Nuclear waste disposal management - Nuclear disasters - Chernobyl disaster - Hiroshima and Nagasaki disaster - Nuclear reactors in India - Radiation safety measures in India.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 and Unit 2**

1. Frederick Lutgens K, Edward J Tarbuck, Dennis Tasa,Atmosphere- An Introduction

 to Meteorology, Prentice Hall of India.

1. S.R.Ghadekar, Meteorology, ,Agromet Publishers, 2001.
2. AnupChatterjee,Global Warming and Climate Change, , Global publications.

**Unit 3**

1. B.H.Khan, Non-Conventional Energy Resources, , McGraw Hill Publications.
2. Agarwal, Renewable and Sustainable Energy Sources,

**Unit 4 and Unit 5**

1. R.Murugesan, Modern Physics, , KiruthigaSivaprasath, S.Chand&Co, New Delhi,

 2007

1. S.N.Ghoshal, Nuclear Physics,S.Chand& Co, New Delhi, 2006
2. AN.Subrahmaniyam, Brijlal, Atomic and Nuclear Physics, S.Chand&Co, New

 Delhi, 2006

1. K.Gopalakrishnan, Atomic and Nuclear Physic, Mcmillan Publishers, 2006

**Reference Books**

1. I.C.Joshi, Aviation Meteorology, , Himalayan Books, 201.4
2. V.Devanathan, Nuclear Physics, ,Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2013.
3. D.P. Kothari,K.C. Singal&RakeshRanjan, Renewable Energy Sources and

 Emerging Technologies, Prentice Hall of India pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.

1. A.Martin and S.A.Harbisor, An Introduction to Radiation Protection, , John Wiley &

 Sons, 1981.

1. Atmospheric Science - An Introductory Survey , John M.Wallace, Peter V.Hobbs,

 Elsevier Publishers

1. NCRP, ICRP, ICRU, IAEA, AERB publications

**E-Materials**

1. <https://easyengineering.net/non-conventional-energy-resources-khan/>
2. <http://nap.edu/631>
3. [https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/nuclear-engineering/22-091-nuclear-reactor-safety-](https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/nuclear-engineering/22-091-nuclear-reactor-safety-spring-2008/)

 [spring-2008/](https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/nuclear-engineering/22-091-nuclear-reactor-safety-spring-2008/)

1. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atmosphere_of_Earth>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zaQWhEtLxeU> (Tamil video)
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nf8cuvl62Vc>
4. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Acid_rain>
5. <https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/108108078/pdf/chap7/teach_slides07.pdf>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Rf9whdycpLI>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WyyIuiV4rKE>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Geiger_counter>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to basic concepts of atmosphere and also

 able to know how it can be measured and study the characteristics of cyclones.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to explain the details of climate,

 greenhouse effect and global warming.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to describe the different renewable

 energy sources and its applications.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know how to detect the nuclear

 radiation with different instruments.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know how to saveourselves from

 nuclear radiation hazards.

**SEMESTER IV**

**CORE PAPER-4**

**Waves and Optics**

**Course Objectives**

1. To expose the knowledge of different types of waves motion and oscillations.
2. To study the property of surface tension and viscosity of a liquid.
3. To learn the different types of aberrations and phenomenon of interference.
4. To teach the Fresnel’s and Fraunhofer’s class diffraction and its applications.
5. To know the basics of polarization phenomenon.

**UNIT- I**

**WAVES & OSCILLATIONS**

Progressive waves-Equation for progressive wave-Simple harmonic motion - Superposition of Two Perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations - Lissajous Figures -Forced oscillations-Differential equation and solution-Laws of transverse vibration of stretched string - Sonometer-Frequency of AC mains - Acoustics-Intensity and Loudness-Reverberation and reverberation time - Absorption coefficient - Sabine’s formula -measurement of reverberation time - Acoustic aspects of halls and auditoria -Ultrasonics-Production-Piezoelectric oscillator - Applications-Non Destructive Testing (NDT)-B-Scan-Problems solving

**UNIT- II**

**FLUIDS**

Surface Tension-Excess pressure inside a curved liquid surface-Synclastic and anticlastic surface - Surface tension-Jaeger’s method-Drop weight method-Interfacial surface tension- Variation of surface tension with temperature - Viscosity-Poiseuille’s formula - Determination of coefficient of viscosity of aliquid -Burette method- Variations of viscosity of a liquid with temperature and pressure - Lubrication-Problems solving

**UNIT- III**

**GEOMETRICAL OPTICS & INTERFERENCE**

Spherical aberration in lenses -Condition for minimum spherical aberration in the case of two lenses separated by a distance-Chromatic aberration in lenses - Condition for achromatism of two thin lenses(in contact and out of contact) - Astigmatism-Huygen’s and Ramsden’s eyepieces - Air wedge- Determination of diameter of a thin wire by air wedge- Fringes of equal thickness-Michelson’s Interferometer-Determination of wave length- Thickness of thin transparent material-Refractive index of gases -Jamin’s& Rayleigh’s Interferometers-Problems solving

**UNIT- IV**

**DIFFRACTION**

Fresnel’s diffraction-Diffraction at circular aperture and straight edge- Fraunhofer’s diffraction -Single slit-Theory of Plane diffraction grating -Experiment to determine wavelength-normal incidence- Determination of wavelengths-Missing orders-Overlapping spectra-Rayleigh’s criteria -Resolving power of telescope-Microscope-Prism - Grating-Distinguish between prism and grating spectra-Problems solving

**UNIT- V**

**POLARISATION**

Introduction to polarisation-Brewster’s law- Double refraction-Huygen’s explanation of double refraction in uniaxial crystal-Nicol Prism-Double image polarizing prisms-Dichroism -Polaroids and their uses-Production and detection of Plane, circularly and elliptically and polarized light -Optical Activity -Fresnel’s explanation of optical activity -Specific Rotation-Laurent’s Half Shade Polarimeter -Faraday effect-Problems solving

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 2**

1. K. Ilangovan, Properties of Matter and Sound, S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers

 Private Ltd, Chennai, 2018.

1. J.Jayachitra and M. Gunasekaran, Properties of Matter and Acoustics, KRU

 Publications, Kumbakonam, 2007.

**Unit 3 to Unit 5**

1. N.SubrahmanyamBrijlal and M.N Avadhanulu, A Text Book of Optics, S.Chand&

 Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.

1. R. Murugeshan, Optics & Spectroscopy, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.

**Reference Books**

1. R. Murugeshan, Properties of Matter and Acoustics, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi,

 2016

1. BrijLal and N. Subrahmanyam, Properties of Matter, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi,

 2002

1. N.Subrahmanyam and BrijLal, A Text Book of Sound,Vikas Publications, New

 Delhi,1982.

1. C.L.Arora, Waves, Vibrations & Sound, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 1984.
2. B.K. Mathur, Principles of Optics, Gopal Printing, 1995
3. H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna,Fundamentals of Optics, R. Chand Publication, 2011.

**E-Materials**

1. <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/shm.html>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tudxily5Qu0>
3. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Surface_tension>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CC7Q5cvmuTA> (Tamil video)
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aKY_GnwDyZc>
6. [https://ta.wikipedia.org/wiki/%E0%AE%AA%E0%AE%9F%E0%AE%BF%E0%AE%AE%E0%AE%AE%E0%AF%8D:Chromatic\_aberration\_lens\_diagram.svg](https://ta.wikipedia.org/wiki/%E0%AE%AA%E0%AE%9F%E0%AE%BF%E0%AE%AE%E0%AE%AE%E0%AF%8D%3AChromatic_aberration_lens_diagram.svg) (Tamil)
7. <https://www.diffen.com/difference/Fraunhofer_Diffraction_vs_Fresnel_Diffraction>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q-oQKSLhLKw>
9. <https://www.slideshare.net/AnuroopAshok/polarization-birefringence-and-huygens-theory-of-double-refraction>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lhUUGWA_uFE>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to formulate the equation for plane

progressive wave and able to understand the concept of simple harmonic motion and other types of waves

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able study the property of surface tension of a

liquid and know how the surface tension varies with temperature and also able to explain the property of viscosity of a liquid.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to describe the different optical of a lens

 system and able to design the eyepieces. Also able to know the phenomenon of

 interference and its applications.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to distinguish between Fresnel class of

diffraction and Fraunhofer class of diffraction. Also formulate the expression for resolving power of telescope, microscope, prism and grating.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to explain the phenomenon of

polarization and able to study the double refraction in uniaxial crystals. Also they can define optical activity, specific rotation and know the applications of polaroids.

**ALLIED - 2**

**Paper - 4**

**MATHEMATICS - II**

**Objectives of the Course**

To Explore the Fundamental Concepts of Mathematics

**UNIT-I: Application of Integration**

Evaluation of double, triple integrals - Simple applications to area, volume -Fourier series for functions in (0,2) and 

**UNIT-II: Partial Differential Equations**

Formation, complete integrals and general integrals - Four standard types, Lagrange’s equations.

**UNIT-III: Laplace Transforms**

Laplace Transformations of standard functions and simple properties - Inverse Laplace transforms - Applications to solutions of linear differential equations of order 1 and 2-simple problems

**UNIT-IV: Vector Analysis**

Scalar point functions - Vector point functions - Gradient, divergence, curl - Directional derivatives - Unit to normal to a surface.

**UNIT-V: Vector Analysis (continued)**

Line and surface integrals - Guass, Stoke’s and Green’s theorems (without proofs) - Simple problem based on these Theorems.

**Recommended Text**

P.Duraipandian and S.Udayabaskaran,(1997) *Allied Mathematics*, Vol. I & II.Muhil Publishers, Chennai

**Reference Books:**

1. P.Balasubramanian and K.G.Subramanian,(1997)*Ancillary Mathematics*. Vol. I & II. Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
2. S.P.Rajagopalan and R.Sattanathan,(2005) *Allied Mathematics* .Vol. I & II.Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
3. P.R.Vittal(2003). *Allied Mathematics* .Marghan Publications, Chennai.
4. P.Kandasamy, K.Thilagavathy (2003) Allied Mathematics Vol-I, II S.Chand& company Ltd., New Delhi-55.
5. Isaac, Allied Mathematics. New Gamma Publishing House, Palayamkottai

**SKILL BASED SUBJECT**

**PAPER-2**

**Physics Workshop Skills**

**Course Objectives**

1. Employ the specific skills in the testing of instruments.
2. Express the functions and working of different power supply system
3. To know the principle and working of different electrical and electronics appliances
4. State the concept of mobile Communication in real time process and digital

 communication.

1. Explain the Identification, classification, and working principle of various Biomedical

Instruments and application of these instruments in diagnosis, therapeutic treatment and imaging fields

**UNIT- I**

**TESTING OF DISCRETE COMPONENTS**

Resistors- types - Characteristics -Colour coding -resistors in series and parallel - Capacitors - types -Capacitor in Series and Parallel **-** Multimeter Analog and Digital **-** How to Use a Multimeter -Testing of Voltage - Current Continuity (Testing of Fuse) -Resistance -Diode and Transistor-Design of Bread board-Soldering Technique used in PCBs.

**UNIT- II**

**POWER SUPPLY**

Power Supply Unit-Parts of Power Supply- Regulated power supply- Zener diode voltage regulator- IC Voltage - Regulators - Inverter-Uninterrupted power supply (UPS) - Switched mode power supply (SMPS)-Cathode Ray Oscilloscope (CRO) and measurement of time period and frequency - Function generator.

**UNIT- III**

**ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS APPLIANCES**

Electric iron Box-Electric Fan-Construction and Working of Ceiling and Table fans-Water Heater - Types-Function -Wet Grinder-Mixer Grinder-Principle and Design

Microwave Oven-Washing Machine - Function - Types-Semi and Fully Automatic-Top and Front loading-Fuzzy logic washing machine technology – Refrigerator-Air Conditioner-Principle and Design.

**UNIT- IV**

**MASS AND MEDIA COMMUNICATION**

Mobile Communication (GSM) -Android version*-* USB *-* Various Types of USB Cable and Connectors - VGA- AV port - HDMI- DVI - S Video and Display port- Bluetooth - Wi-fi and Li-fi -  Direct broadcast satellite (DBS)- DTH and DTT- Radar Communication System.

**UNIT-5**

**BIO-MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION**

Principle, description, function and recording of ECG, EMG and EEG -artificial pace maker- simulators -Heart lung machine –ventilators and nebulizers-Kidney dialysis machine- pH meter - Laser blood flow meter–Thermal scanner and pulse oximeter.

**Text Books**

**Unit-1**

1. B.L. Theraja, A Text book of Electrical Technology, S.Chand& Co., New Delhi,

 2007.

**Unit-2**

1. I.Abraham, Switching Power Supply Design, [Keith Billings](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22Keith+Billings%22), [Taylor Morey](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22Taylor+Morey%22) -McGraw

 Hill.

1. Fundamentals of Power Supply Design: Technology from the Unitrode/Texas

 Instruments.

1. [Robert A. Mammano](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22Robert+A.+Mammano%22&source=gbs_metadata_r&cad=3), Power Supply Design Seminars, , Texas Instruments, 2017.

**Unit-3**

1. S.P. Bali, Consumer Electronics -, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
2. Basic Electrical Engineering -Vocational Theory-Plus One Text Book-TN State

 Board.

**Unit-4**

1. V.K. Metha, Principles of Electronics, V K Metha, S Chnd&Co.,New Delhi, 2001.
2. V. JeyasriArokiasamy, Mobile Communications,Technical Publications, 2009.
3. [John Vivian](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22John+Vivian%22&source=gbs_metadata_r&cad=4)and  [Peter Maurin](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22Peter+Maurin%22&source=gbs_metadata_r&cad=4), The Media of Mass Communication,Pearson

 Education Canada, 2008.

1. R.R. Gulati, Modern Television Practice Principles, Technology & Servicing, New

 Age International, 2007.

1. [K. F. Ibrahim](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22K.+F.+Ibrahim%22&source=gbs_metadata_r&cad=8), Newness Guide to Television and Video Technology, Elsevier, 2007.
2. Richard Wise and Routledge, Multimedia: A Critical Introduction, 2005.
3. [V.S.Bagad](https://www.google.co.in/search?tbo=p&tbm=bks&q=inauthor:%22V.S.Bagad%22&source=gbs_metadata_r&cad=6), ,RadarSystem,Technical Publications, 2009.

**Unit-5**

1. M.Arumugam M, Biomedical Instrumention, Anuradha Publications, Kumbakonam,

 2011.

1. V.Yuvaraj, Instrumentation Techniques, Sri Krishna Publications, 2020.
2. Webster, Bioinstrumentation, John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

**Reference Items: books, Journal**

1. I.J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, Electrical Machines,Tata McGraw Hill, 1997.
2. M. D. Singh, K. B.Khanchandani Power Electronics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

**E- Materials**

1. <https://www.electronicsforu.com/>
2. <https://learnabout-electronics.org/>
3. <https://www.scienceabc.com/innovation/usb-type-c-different-usb-type-type-b.html>

4. <https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/supplies/power-supplies-for-beginners-part-1.html>

1. <https://electronicspost.com/basic-electronics-tutorials/>
2. <https://www.electrical4u.com/>
3. <https://lecturenotes.in/subject/199/analytical-instrumentation-ai>
4. <https://blog.beaconstac.com/2016/05/li-fi-vs-wi-fi-vs-ibeacon-ble-technology/>
5. <https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/video-cables-explained-difference-vga-dvi-hdmi-ports/>
6. <https://www.ses.com/differences-between-dth-and-dtt>
7. [https://www.ifixit.com/Guide/How+To+Use+A+Multimeter/25632#s64987](https://www.ifixit.com/Guide/How%2BTo%2BUse%2BA%2BMultimeter/25632#s64987)
8. <http://electrotel.com.ar/handbook-of-analytical-instruments-r-s-khandpur-download-full-version.pdf>
9. <https://sidneymayireg.files.wordpress.com/2017/04/>
10. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electrocardiography>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YbBSf8bnYgw>
12. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1ndqOnjxAU0> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to test the instruments with specific skills
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to express the functions and working of

 Linear power supply.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to know the basics of analytical

 instruments and how to calibrate it.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to explain mobile communication and

 radar communication system.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to demonstrate the principle and working

 of various biomedical equipment.

**NON MAJOR ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-2**

**Everyday Physics**

**Course Objectives**

1. Students can able to understand the basic measurements and mechanics.
2. To learn the principle applied in Pressure cooker, Refrigerator and Air-conditioner.
3. To know the construction and working of various electrical appliances.
4. To study the fundamentals of laser and its applications.
5. To know the different biomedical instrumentation techniques.

**UNIT- I**

**MEASUREMENTS & MECHANICS**

Fundamental quantities-System of Units-CGS,FPS,MKS and SI-Verniercalliper, Screw gauge and their utility-Measure the dimension of a solid block, volume of cylindrical beaker/glass, diameter of a thin wire, thickness of metal sheet-Newton’s law of motion- Lever mechanism - Pulleys-Force -Weight -Work -Energy -Power- Horsepower -Circular motion-Banking of curved tracks.

**UNIT-II**

**THERMO AND HYDRODYNAMICS**

Variation of boiling point with pressure - Pressure cooker - First and Second law of thermodynamics-Refrigerator - Air Conditioner - Principle and construction-Bernoulli Theorem-Applications.

**UNIT - III**

**ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES**

Electric iron Box-Electric Fan-Construction and Working of Ceiling and Table fans-Water Heater -Types-Function -Wet Grinder-Mixer Grinder-Principle and Design.

**UNIT- IV**

**LASER**

Power of a Lens-Human eye- Defects of vision - Laser-Spontaneous emission -Stimulated emission -Meta stable state -Population inversion -Pumping - Laser Characteristics- Ruby Laser - Helium-Neon Laser-Applications of Laser-Laser cutting - Welding- Drilling -Lasers in Surgery - Lasers in ophthalmology.

**UNIT- V**

**BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION**

Digital thermometer-Digital BP apparatus-One touch Glucometer–thermal scanner-pulse oximeter-Lipid profile test-pH meter-BMI calculator - Ventilator-Principle, description, function and recording of ECG, EMG and EEG- artificial pace maker.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1& Unit 2**

1. N. Subrahmanyam and BrijLal, Principles of Physics, S.Chand&Co.,Ltd, Chennai.
2. Plus one Physics Book-TN state Board and NCERT Books.
3. D. Jayaraman, K. Ilangovan, Thermal Physics &Stastical Mechanics, S.

 Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai, 2016.

1. [BrijLal](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Author/brij-lal)  and [N Subrahmanyam](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Author/n-subrahmanyam), [Heat and Thermodynamics](https://www.sapnaonline.com/books/heat-thermodynamics-brij-lal-812190417x-9788121904179), [S Chand & Company Pvt Ltd](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Publisher/S%20Chand%20%26%20Company%20Pvt%20Ltd), New Delhi, 2016.

**Unit 3**

1. S.P. Bali,Consumer Electronics -, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2005.
2. Basic Electrical Engineering -Vocational Theory- Plus One Text Book-TN State

 Board.

**Unit 4**

1. R. Murugeshan, Optics & Spectroscopy, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.

**Unit 5**

1. M.Arumugam M, Biomedical Instrumentation, Anuradha Publications, Kumbakonam,

 2011.

1. V.Yuvaraj, Instrumentation Techniques, Sri Krishna Publications, 2020.

**Reference Books**

1. Fundamentals of Physics by D. Hallidy, R. Rensick and J. Walker, 6th Edition, Wiley,

 NY,2001.

1. [BrijLal](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Author/brij-lal)  and [N Subrahmanyam](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Author/n-subrahmanyam),[Heat and Thermodynamics](https://www.sapnaonline.com/books/heat-thermodynamics-brij-lal-812190417x-9788121904179), [S Chand & Company Pvt Ltd](https://www.sapnaonline.com/shop/Publisher/S%20Chand%20%26%20Company%20Pvt%20Ltd), New Delhi, 2016.
2. R. Murugeshan, Optics & Spectroscopy, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016.

**E-materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M_kHKSKmT6o>
2. <https://www.toppr.com/content/concept/fundamental-quantities-and-fundamental-units-208185/>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T-mRqCjv6ak> (Tamil video)
4. <https://www.jagranjosh.com/general-knowledge/the-human-eye-and-its-defects-1456386342-1>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c4_5ftlYTbI>
6. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Laser>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oUEbMjtWc-A>
8. <https://techblog.livongo.com/how-do-blood-pressure-monitors-work/>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7oKNewTSF7M>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-UJf-GHz7x4> (Tamil video)
11. <https://www.smartbmicalculator.com/>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know the fundamental quantities and units and able to some basic ideas of mechanics.
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to demonstrate the construction and working of pressure cooker, refrigerator, air conditioner devices.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be fundamental principles applied in our day today life electrical appliances.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know the basic properties of laser and characteristics and able to design solid and gas lasers.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to demonstrate the principle and working of biomedical equipment will be used in our daily life.

**CORE PRACTICAL-2**

**Semester: III & IV**

**Core Practical -2**

**List of Experiments (Any 15 Experiments only)**

1. Young’s modulus non-uniform bending –optic lever.
2. Young’s modulus uniform bending-Pin and microscope.
3. Searle’s double bar pendulum- Determination of Young’s modulus, Rigidity modulus

 and Poisson’s ratio

1. Sonometer- Frequency of AC mains - Steel and Brass wires.
2. Spectometer -i-d curve-µ of a Prism.
3. Spectometer -Grating -N and **λ** -Normal incidence method.
4. Spectometer -Grating -N and **λ** -Minimum deviation method.
5. Air wedge - Thickness of a thin wire.
6. Carey Foster’s bridge - Temperature coefficient of resistance of a coil
7. Potentiometer -Calibration of highrange Ammeter.
8. Potentiometer - Resistance and specific resistance of a wire.
9. Figure of merit- Table Galvanometer.
10. Field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current-Determination of BH.
11. BG- Figure of merit - Charge sensitiveness.
12. BG- Comparison of capacitances of capacitors.
13. BG- Comparison of emf of two cells.
14. Deflection magnetometer and vibration magnetometer-Determination of m and BH-

 Tan C position.

1. Low range power pack –Bridge Rectifier.
2. Voltage regulator -Bridge Rectifier-Using a Zener diode.
3. Voltage regulator -Bridge Rectifier-Using IC 7805.
4. Transistor characteristics-Common emitter mode.
5. Logic gates-AND, OR (using diodes) and NOT (using transistor).
6. NAND and NOR gates-Universal gates.

**Text Books**

1. C.C. Ouseph, U.J. Rao, V. Vijayendran, Practical Physics and Electronics, S.

Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai,2018.

1. M.N.Srinivasan, S. Balasubramanian, R.Ranganathan, A Text Book of Practical

Physics, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2015.

**Reference Books**

1. Samir Kumar Ghosh, A Textbook of Advanced Practical Physics, NCBA, Kolkatta,

 2000.

1. D. Chattopadyay, P.C.Rakshit, An Advanced Course in Practical Physics, NCBA,

 Kolkatta, 2011

1. C.L.Arora, B.Sc., Practical Physics,S. Chand and Company., New Delhi.
2. D.P..Khandelwal D.P., A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes.

 Vani Publications.

1. B.Saraf et al, Physics through Experiments,Vikas Publications.
2. Harnaam Singh., B.Sc., Practical Physics,S. Chand and Company., New Delhi.
3. D C Tayal, University Practical Physics, Himalaya Publishing House.
4. Gupta & Kumar, Practical Physics, Pragatiprakashan, Meerut.

**SEMESTER V**

**CORE PAPER-5**

**Atomic and Molecular Physics**

**Objectives**

1. To study the properties of cathode and positive rays and can formulate the expression for e/m
2. To know the structure of the atom and to understand the spectral lines.
3. To understand effects of magnetic field on atomic spectra
4. To acquire the knowledge about photoelectric effect and can derive the expression for Einstein’s photoelectric equation.
5. To teach various energy levels viz., rotational, vibrational etc.and can understand the principle of Infrared spectroscopy, Raman effect and Laser

**UNIT- I**

**CATHODE AND POSITIVE RAYS**

Properties of cathode rays-Mass of an electron-Determination of the electronic charge: Milikan’s oil drop method-Dunnington’s method for determining e/m-Properties of positive rays-Positive ray analysis-Thomson’s parabola method-Aston’s Mass spectrograph-Bain Bridge Mass spectrograph- Dempster’s Mass Spectrograph-Mass defect and packing fraction.

**UNIT - II**

**ATOMIC STRUCTURE**

Rutherford’s Experiments on scattering of α-particle-Theory of α-particle Scattering- Rutherford formula-Bohr Atom model-Spectral series of hydrogen atom-Bohr Correspondence Principle-Critical potentials-Experimental determination of critical potentials-Drawbacks of Bohr Atom model- Sommerfeld’s relativistic atom model-Vector atom model-Quantum numbers associated with the vector atom model-Coupling schemes

**UNIT- III**

**EFFECTS OF MAGNETIC FIELD ON ATOMIC SPECTRA**

Pauli's exclusion principle - Periodic table- Magnetic dipole moment due to orbital motion of the electron-Magnetic dipole moment due to spin-Optical spectra-Fine structure of Hα line-Zeeman effect-Larmor’s theorem-Quantum mechanical explanation of Zeeman effect-Anomalous Zeeman effect – Paschen-Back effect-Stark effect.

**UNIT- IV**

**PHOTOELECTRIC EFFECT**

Introduction-Lenard’ method to determine e/m-Richardson and Compton experiment-Experimental investigations on the photoelectric effect-Laws of photoelectric emission-Einstein’s photoelectric equation-Photo-emissive cell-Photo-voltaic cell-Photoconductive cell-Applications of photoelectric cells-Planck’s quantum theory-Wien’s displacement law-Derivation of Planck’s law of radiation.

**UNIT- V**

**MOLECULAR PHYSICS**

Introduction -Theory of the origin of pure rotational spectrum of a molecule-Non-Rigid Rotator-The energy of a diatomic molecule- Vibrating diatomic molecule as a harmonic oscillator-Infrared Radiation - Range of IR radiation-IR spectrometer – Instrumentation-Molecular vibrations of water molecule (H2O)-Raman effect-Characteristics of Raman lines-Quantum theory of Raman effect-Raman spectrum of Nitrous oxide (N2O) - Laser - Characteristics-Stimulated Emission-Population Inversion-Optical Pumping - He-Ne laser-Applications of Laser.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 4**

1. R. Murugeshan and KiruthigaSivaprasath, Modern Physics, S.Chand&CO.,Ltd,

 New Delhi,2016

1. B.L. Theraja, Modern Physics, S.Chand&CO.,Ltd, New Delhi,2016

**Unit 4 and Unit 5**

1. R. Murugeshan and KiruthigaSivaprasath, Modern Physics, S.Chand&Co.,Ltd,

 New Delhi,2016

1. R. Murugeshan, Optics & Spectroscopy, S.Chand&Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 2016

**Reference Books**

1. J.B. Rajam, Atomic Physics, S. Chand & Co Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
2. Sehgal, Chopra and Sehgal, Modern physics, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
3. S.N .Ghoshal, Atomic Physics, S. Chand & Co Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
4. C.L.Arora, Modern Physics and Electronics, S. Chand & Co Ltd., New Delhi, 1992.
5. C.N. Banwell, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy,McGraw Hill Education;

 Fourth edition, 2017.

1. G. Aruldhas, Molecular structure and Spectroscopy, Prentice Hall of India, New

 Delhi, 2005.

1. William T. Silfvast, Laser fundamentals, University Press, Published in South Asia by

 Foundation books, New Delhi, 1998.

1. K. Thyagarajan and A.K. Ghatak, LASER Theory and Application, McMillan, India

 Ltd, 1984.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wSe3oBZDTUI>
2. <https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=1&brch=195&sim=357&cnt=1>
3. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Vector_model_of_the_atom>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CBUjVHq6Grs>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ju-3Eu133KE>
6. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zeeman_effect>
7. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Photoelectric_effect>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O0wchw_Mi30>
9. <http://www.iiserpune.ac.in/~bhasbapat/phy420_files/Demtroeder_rotovibrazioni.pdf>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gJc4_6NNIhM>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=djMVjULfRII> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know the properties of cathode rays

and positive rays. Also will be able to study the determination of specific charge of an electron.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be know the different atom models and can get

 an idea about coupling schemes..

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to study the Zeeman effect, Paschen

 Back effect and Stark effect.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know the basic idea of photoelectric

 effect and can able to derive the equation for Einstein’s photoelectric equation.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to study the rotational and vibrational

 energy of a molecule and also learn the Infrared spectra, Raman Effect and Laser.

**CORE PAPER-6**

**Relativity and Quantum Mechanics**

**Course Outcomes**

1. To teach the fundamental aspects of relativity and special theory of relativity.
2. Ability to understand the concepts of matter waves and to study the phase velocity and group velocity.
3. To learn the Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and to derive the time dependent and time independent Schrödinger equation.
4. To apply the Schrödinger’s equation to various quantum mechanical systems.
5. To expose the ideas of postulates of quantum mechanics and operators.

**UNIT- I**

**RELATIVITY**

Introduction - Frame of reference - Newtonian relativity - Galilean Transformation equations - The Ether hypothesis - The Michelson -Morley experiment - Special theory of relativity - The Lorentz Transformation equations - Length contraction - Time Dilation - relativity of simultaneity- addition of velocities - variation of mass with velocity - Mass Energy equivalence -Minkowski’s Four dimensional Space-Time continuum-General theory of relativity-Gravitational red shift.

**UNIT- II**

**WAVE MECHANICS**

Inadequacy of classical mechanics -Matter waves - de Broglie wavelength - Expression for de Broglie wavelength-Other expressions for de Broglie wavelength- Phase velocity (wave velocity) of de Broglie waves-Group Velocity- Expression for Group velocity-Group velocity of de Broglie waves- Relation between group velocity and phase velocity-Davisson and Germer’s experiment-G.P.Thomson’s experiment.

**UNIT- III**

**SCHRODINGER EQUATION**

Electron microscope-Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle-Determination of position with γ-ray microscope-Diffraction of a beam of electrons by a slit-Elementary proof between Displacement and Momentum, Energyand Time- Derivation of time dependent form of Schrödinger equation-Time independent form of Schrödinger equation-Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions-Physical significance of wave function-Orthogonal wave function-Normalized wave function.

**UNIT-4**

**APPLICATIONS OF SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION**

The free particle-Particle in a box: Infinite square well potential-Rectangular Potential well-The Barrier Penetration problem-Tunnel effect-Linear harmonic oscillator-Energy levels-Zero point energy-Rigid rotator-Schrödinger’s equation for the hydrogen atom-Separation of variables-Equations only.

**UNIT-5**

**OPERATOR FORMALISM OF QUANTUM MECHANICS**

Postulates of quantum mechanics-Operator for momentum, Kinetic energy,Total energy, Angular momentum-Commuting operators-Commutator algebra-Hermitian operator-Properties of Hermitian operator-Parity operator-Properties of Parity operator-Probability density-Probability current density-Wave packet-Ehrenfest’s theorem-Hilbert space-Dirac’s Bra and Ket notation-Properties of Bra and Ket notation.

**Text Book**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. R.Murugesan and KiruthigaSivaprasath, Modern Physics, S Chand & Co, New

 Delhi, 2016.

**Reference Books**

1. P.M Mathew and K.Venkatesan, A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics,Tata McGraw

 Hill Publishing Co.Ltd., New Delhi, 2016.

1. Gupta, Kumar and Sharma, Quantum Mechanics, Jai PrakashNath Publications,

 Meerut,Sathyaprakash, Quantum Mechanics, PragatiPrakashan, Meerut.

1. G. Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, Prentice-Hall Of India Pvt. Limited, 2008.
2. G.R.Chatwal and S.K.Anand, Quantum Mechanics, Himalaya Publishing House,

 Mumbai, 2010.

1. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, Narosa, Chennai.
2. V.K. Thangappan, Quantum mechanics, New Age International, 1993.
3. AjoyGhatak& S. Loganathan, Quantum Mechanics, Springer, 2004.

**E-Materials**

1. <http://psi.phys.wits.ac.za/teaching/Connell/phys284/2005/lecture-01/lecture_01/node5.html>

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NH3_lIkSB9s>
2. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Matter_wave>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X-m9L0_pKU8> (Tamil video)
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cH5QexEN0sk>
5. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Schr%C3%B6dinger_equation>
6. <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-007-electromagnetic-energy-from-motors-to-lasers-spring-2011/lecture-notes/MIT6_007S11_lec40.pdf>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uK60QAKooyM>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r2NMWEsNcTs>
9. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bra%E2%80%93ket_notation>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know the frames of reference and able

to formulate the Galilean Transformation equations and Lorentz Transformation equations.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be understand the matter waves and can derive

an equation for de Broglie wavelength. Also able to distinguish between phase velocity and group velocity and demonstrate Davison &Germer experiment.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to state the Heisenberg’s Uncertainty

Principle and able to derive the time dependent and time independent Schrödinger’s equations.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know the basic idea of photoelectric

 effect and can able to derive the equation for Einstein’s photoelectric equation.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to learn postulates of quantum

mechanics, operators and also able to acquire knowledge on Dirac’s bra and ket notations.

**CORE PAPER-7**

**Basic and Applied Electronics**

**Course Objectives**

1. Students will gain knowledge about semiconducting diodes and transistors.
2. To teach the different types of amplifiers and oscillators.
3. To learn the working multivibrators and wave shaping circuits.
4. To study the basics of fabrication of integrated circuits and fundamentals of

 operational amplifiers.

1. To expose the various applications of OP-AMP and 555 Timer.

 **UNIT- I**

**SEMICONDUCTING DIODES & TRANSISTORS**

Classification of solids and energy bands- PN Junction Diode-Full wave Bridge Rectifier-Zener Diode-Voltage Regulated Power supply-Tunnel diode - Characteristics-Tunnel diode as an oscillator-Construction and working of Photo diode -Photo transistor -Solar Cell-LED-FET-Construction and working-FET as an amplifier-Output Characteristics and parameters of FET-MOSFET-Construction and working Principle-SCR-Working of SCR-SCR as a switch and half wave rectifier- UJT-Equivalent circuit and V-I characteristics of UJT - UJT as relaxation oscillator.

**UNIT- II**

**AMPLIFIERS & OSCILLATORS**

R-C coupled amplifier (Two stage)-Power amplifiers-Class A,B and C-Push-Pull amplifier-Feedback amplifier-Principles of negative feedback in amplifier-Gain of negative feedback amplifier-Hybrid parameters-Determination of h parameters-h parameter equivalent circuit-Performance of a linear circuit in h parameters-h parameters for a transistor in CE mode - Sinusoidal oscillators -Circuit operation and frequency of oscillation of -Hartley, Colpitt’s, Phase shift, Wein bridge and Crystal oscillator.

**UNIT- III**

**MULTIVIBRATORS& WAVE SHAPING CIRCUITS**Multivibrators-Types of multivibrators-Transistor astable ,monostable and bistablemultivibrators - Differentiating and Integrating-Circuits-Clipping circuits-Positive clipper-Biased clipper-Combination clipper-Clamping circuits-Positive clamper-Negative clamper.

**UNIT- IV**

**INTEGRATED CIRCUITS &OP-AMP**

Integrated circuit-Classification of ICs-Advantages-Limitations-Integrated circuit technology- Fabrication of Transistors, diodes, capacitors and resistors - Symbol and Terminals of an OP-AMP- Parameters - Inverting and Non-inverting amplifier - Gain - Miller effect - Virtual ground - Offset voltage - offset current - PSRR - CMRR.

**UNIT- V**

**OP-AMP APPLICATIONS & TIMER**

OPAMP -Sign and Scale changer -Adder, subtractor and average-Integrator and differentiator -OP AMP Logarithmic amplifier -Antilogarthmic amplifier-OP-AMP-Comparator-Schmitt Trigger OP-AMP-Astablemultivibrator-Monostablemultivibrator-Bistablemultivibrator - 555 Timer-Internal structure- Pin configuration of 555 Timer-555 Timer as Schmitt Trigger-555 Timer as Astablemultivibrator.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, Principles of Electronics, S Chand &Co., New Delhi,

 2007.

1. M Arul Thalapathi, Basic and Applied Electronics, Comptek, Publishers, Chennai

 2005.

**Reference Books**

1. B.L. Theraja, Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering and Electronics, S Chand &Co.,

 New Delhi, 2008.

1. R.S.Sedha, A Text Book of Applied Electronics, S Chand &Co., New Delhi, 2010.

3. V. Vijayendran, Introduction to Integrated Electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai, 2007

4. Hand Book of Electronics - Gupta & Kumar, PragatiPrakashan, Meerut, 2014.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/diode/diode_6.html?nab=0&utm_referrer=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EkHch86UXpY>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jZ-pD8nVD6s&app=desktop>
4. <https://www.electrical4u.com/hybrid-parameters-or-h-parameters/>
5. <http://www.circuitstoday.com/category/clipping-and-clamping-circuits>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XsawrtWmm9M>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ek_H6efvwxA> (Tamil video)
8. <https://www.electronicsforu.com/resources/learn-electronics/555-timer-working-specifications>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yBVGU02rlAg>
10. <https://www.electronics-tutorials.ws/waveforms/555_timer.html>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to classification of solids on the basis of

band theory and know the construction, working and applications of semiconducting diodes and transistors.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to design the RC-coupled amplifier and

to study its frequency response curve. Also students will be able to classify the power amplifiers, to learn the h-parameters and to able to design oscillator circuits.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to understand the multivibrators using

 transistors and can able to study the different wave shaping circuits.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know the basic idea of integrating

circuits and able to fabricate diode, transistors, resistor and capacitors. Also students will be study the structure of operational amplifier and its parameters.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to analyze the different applications of

op-amp circuits like adder, subtractoretc.and also able to demonstrate 555 Timer and its applications.

**SKILL BASED SUBJECT**

**PAPER-3**

**Cell Phone Technology**

**Course Objectives**

1. To learn the back ground information about cellular system.
2. To study the various mobile standards.
3. To teach the chip level information of mobile phones.
4. To expose the idea about trouble shooting of problems in mobile phones.
5. To acquire the knowledge about mobile service tools.

**UNIT- I**

**THE CELLULAR SYSTEM**

Background - The cellular concept - interference Vs capacity, cell splitting, sectorisation.The cellular system-mobile location, in call handover and power control in cell planning.TACS standard. The cellular network - Base stations, MSC, services.

**UNIT - II**

**MOBILE STANDARDS**

SmartPhones (Android, IOS, Windows) APPs - Mobile Software (PC suite)-WPAN standards - IrDA, Bluetooth, 1G, 2G standards, 2.5G applications. 3G devices and applications. Network protocols - TDMA(2G), GSM(2G), cdma one(2G), PDC 2(G), GPRS(2.5G), CDMA 2000 1x(2.5G), EDGE(3G), CDMA 2000 1xEV(3G), WCMA(G)- WiMax (4G)

**UNIT- III**

**CHIP LEVEL STUDY**

Block Diagrams -Schematic Diagrams - Chip Level Information of Mobile -Phones - BGA -SMD Reworking Station - Soldering lead -Soldering paste -De- Soldering wire - Identification of IC’s - Assembling &Disassembling ofSmart Phones.

**UNIT- IV**

**TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Causes for various problems & Troubleshooting of Problems in a SmartPhone - Network Problems - Display Problems -Touch Problems - Sim CardProblems -Charging problems - Battery Problems - Software Problems -IMEI information - Problems related tomobile phonehandsets - replacement of Various components ICS.

**UNIT- V**

**MOBILE SERVICE TOOLS**

Ultrasonic Cleaner - Computer Connectors - SIM Card Reader – MemoryCard Reader - Mobile Virus - Virus Prevention - Removing Virus – HealthHazards with Mobiles - SAR.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. ManaharLotia , Modern Mobile phone Introduction & Servicing, BPB Publications,

 2017

**Reference Books**

1. ManaharLotia, Modern Mobile Phone Repair using Computer Software & Service

 Devices , BPB Publications, 2017.

1. ManaharLotia, Modern Mobile Phone Unlocking & Utility Codes For GSM &

 CDMA Phones, BPB Publications, 2017

1. Mobile Telephony, Digit Magazine, Jasubhai Digital Media Publications.
2. Raj Pandya, Mobile & Personal Communication Systems & Services, PHI

 Publications

1. William C.Y.Lee, Mobile Cellular Telecommunications (Analog & Digital

 Systems), McGraw Hill, New Delhi,1995

1. Andy Dornan, The Essential Guide to Wireless Communications & Applications,

 Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2002.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.slideshare.net/priyahada/cellular-concepts-41556741>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=whYljse4Abc>
3. <https://electronics.howstuffworks.com/cell-phone7.htm>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IvWYk3FAVak>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eRe_nD2t0Hk>
6. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rework\_(electronics)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rework_%28electronics%29)
7. <https://www.mobiledic.com/android-tips/sim-card-can-not-be-detected.html>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MZz5zrNnAec> (Tamil video)
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JmDz0HOzvVU>
10. <https://www.who.int/news-room/q-a-detail/what-are-the-health-risks-associated-with-mobile-phones-and-their-base-stations>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able understand the cellular communication

 system.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to study the smart phones and various

 mobile standards like 1G,2G, etc.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to learn chip level information and

 soldering and desoldering the various components.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to understand the network problems and

 SIM card problems and to learn the trouble shooting process.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know how to use the ultrasonic

 cleaner, mobile virus and other service tools.

**SEMESTER VI**

**CORE PAPER-8**

**Nuclear and Particle Physics**

 **Course Objectives**

1. To have a clear idea about the fundamentals of nucleus and its structure.
2. To understand the concept of radioactivity.
3. To have a clear understanding of the design and working of particle accelerators and

 detectors.

1. To understand the nuclear reactions and the nuclear reactors.
2. To gain knowledge about the elementary particles

**UNIT- I**

**GENERAL PROPERTIES OF NUCLEI AND NUCLEAR MODELS**

Constituents of nuclei - Classification of nuclei - Nuclear mass and binding energy - Stability of nucleus, Mass defect and Packing fraction, Binding fraction Vs Mass number curve - Nuclear size - Nuclear spin - Nuclear energy levels - Nuclear magnetic moment --Parity of nuclei - Nuclear forces - Yukawa’s model of nuclear forces.

Nuclear models - Liquid drop model, Semi-empirical mass formula - Shell model - Salient features of shell model-Problems solving.

**UNIT- II**

**RADIOACTIVITY.**

 Radioactive decay law - Half life and Average life - Activity or strength of a radioactive sample- Successive transformation - Radioactive chain- Radioactive equilibrium - Radioactive dating - α-decay - Geiger-Nuttall law - Tunnel effect - Gamow’s theory of α-decay - β-decay - energetics of β-decay - Continuous β-spectrum - Inverse β-decay -Parity violation in β-decay - Neutrino hypothesis - Properties of neutrino - Gamma rays - Origin of the gamma rays - Internal conversion-Problems solving.

**UNIT- III**

**PARTICLE ACCELERATORS AND DETECTORS**

Linear accelerator - Cyclotron -Betatron - Electron synchrotron - Accelerators in India

Radiation detectors - Ionisation chamber - Proportional counter - G.M. Counter - Cloud chamber - Scintillation counter - Solid state track detector - Semiconductor detector-Problems solving.

**UNIT- IV**

**NUCLEAR REACTIONS AND NUCLEAR REACTORS**

Nuclear reactions - Types of nuclear reactions - Conservation laws in nuclear reactions - Energetics of nuclear reactions - Kinematics of nuclear reactions -Threshold energy of nuclear reactions - Solution of the Q-value equation - Cross-section of nuclear reactions.

Nuclear fission - Fission of light nuclei - Prompt and delayed neutrons - Neutron speed, Classifications - Nuclear chain reaction - Neutron cycle - Nuclear reactor - Types of reactor - Fission bomb - Nuclear power in India- Fusion -Thermonuclear reaction - Hydrogen bomb - Possibility of fusion reactor-Problems solving.

**UNIT- V**

**ELEMENTARY PARTICLES**

Classification of elementary particles -Pions and Muons - K-mesons -Hyperons - Conservation laws - Exact laws - Approximate conservative laws- Fundamental interactions - Antiparticles - Resonance particles -Hypernucleus - Symmetry classification of elementary particles - Quark model.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. R. Murugeshan and KiruthigaSivaprasath, Modern Physics,S Chand &Co.New

 Delhi,2006.

1. Gupta and Roy., Physics of the Nucleus, Books and Allied (P) Ltd. Kolkatta, 2011
2. J. B. Rajam, Nuclear Physics, S Chand Publishing Co.
3. D.C.Tayal, Nuclear Physics, Himalaya Publishing House, 2009

**Reference Books**

1. SatyaPrakash, Nuclear Physics, APragatiPrakasan Publication, 2011.
2. S. N. Ghoshal, Nuclear Physics, S. Chand & Co., Edition, 2003
3. M. L. Pandya& R.P.S. Yadav, Elements of Nuclear Physics, KedarNath& Ram

 Nath, 2000

1. Jahan Singh, Fundamentals of Nuclear Physics, APragati Publication, 2012.
2. V.Devanathan, Nuclear Physics, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 2016.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://courses.lumenlearning.com/introchem/chapter/nuclear-binding-energy-and-mass-defect/>
2. <https://www.khanacademy.org/science/physics/quantum-physics/in-in-nuclei/v/mass-defect-and-binding-energy>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZqdxGZOipD4>
4. <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/Nuclear/halfli2.html>
5. <https://www.slideshare.net/sailakshmipullookkar/linac-ppt>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jSgnWfbEx1A>
7. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nuclear_fission>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vurL9UVa95A> (Tamil video)
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2zZ1kv6vlq0>
10. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Elementary_particle>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studying Unit 1, the student will have a clear idea about the fundamentals of

 nucleus and its structure.

1. After studying Unit 2, the student would have understood the concept of radioactivity.
2. After studying Unit 3, the student will be having a clear understanding of the design

 and working of particle accelerators and detectors.

1. After studying Unit 4, the student will be having a thorough understanding about the

 nuclear reactions and nuclear reactors.

1. After studying Unit 5, the student would have gained adequate knowledge about the

 elementary particles like pions, muons, hyperons etc.

**CORE PAPER-9**

**Solid State Physics**

**Course Objectives**

1. To gain the knowledge of the crystal system and to know the different crystal

 structure

1. To know the different types of bonding in crystals and to know the basics of

 superconductors and their applications.

1. To learn how the X-ray diffraction helps to know the crystal structure and to know the

 defects present in the crystals

1. To know the different types of magnetism and their theories.
2. To understand the electric polarization in a dielectric material.

**UNIT- I**

**CRYSTALLOGRAPHY**

Crystalline and amorphous solids -Crystal lattice -Basis -Unit cell -Primitive and non-primitive unit cell -Elements of Symmetry - Seven Classes of Crystals - Bravais lattices - Miller indices -Calculation of atomic radius, coordination number and atomic packing factor for SC, FCC, BCC and HCP structures- simple numerical problems- Structure of KCl, NaCl and diamond crystals **.**

**UNIT- II**

**DIFFRACTION IN CRYSTALS & CRYSTAL DEFECTS**

Bragg’s law- conditions for X-ray diffraction - Experimental Method- Laue Method, Rotating Crystal Method - Powder Photograph Method - Crystal defects - point, line, surface and volume defects - effects of crystal imperfections.

**UNIT- III**

**CHEMICAL BONDS & SPECIFIC HEAT CAPACITY**

Types of bonding in crystals - ionic, valence, metallic, Vanderwaal's and hydrogen bonding-optical properties -Specific heat capacity -Dulong and Pettit’s law -Einstein's and Debye's theory of specific heat capacity

**UNIT- IV**

**MAGNETISM IN SOLIDS& SUPER CONDUCTIVITY**

Basic terms in magnetism -Classification of magnetic materials -Weiss theory of Paramagnetism- Domain theory of ferromagnetism- Hysteresis- Soft and hard magnetic materials - Superconductivity - Properties of Superconductors - Types of Superconductors -Meissner effect-BCS theory of superconductivity- Cooper Pair- First and Second London equation-Josephson effect-Application of Superconductors.

**UNIT- V**

**DIELECTRIC IN SOLIDS**

Introduction to dielectrics- Basic definitions- - Different types of Electric polarization - dependency on frequency and temperature - Dielectric Loss -Local or Internal Field- Clausius-Mosotti Relation -Determination of dielectric constant- Dielectric Breakdown-Uses of dielectric materials.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. K. Elangovan, Solid State Physics, S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd,

 Chennai, 2007.

1. S.O.Pillari, Solid State Phsics, New Age International Publishers,New Delhi,2015

**Reference Books**

1. Gupta and Kumar, Solid State Physics,
2. R. Murugeshan and KiruthigaSivaprasath, Modern Physics,S Chand & Co.,2006
3. M. Arumguarn, Material Science,Anuradha Publishers.
4. Kittel, Introduction to Solid State Physics, Wiley and Sons,

**E- Materials**

1. <https://www3.nd.edu/~amoukasi/CBE30361/Lecture__crystallography_A.pdf>
2. <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemistry/5-069-crystal-structure-analysis-spring-2010/lecture-notes/>
3. <http://www.issp.ac.ru/ebooks/books/open/Superconductivity_-Theory_and_Applications.pdf>
4. <https://www.iitk.ac.in/che/pdf/resources/XRD-reading-material.pdf>
5. <https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/112108150/pdf/Lecture_Notes/MLN_03.pdf>
6. <http://tiiciiitm.com/profanurag/Physics-Class/Unit-2-DM.pdf>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D81zc-LK6fc>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Crystallographic_defect>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D-9M3GWoBrw>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ByViA0H--5c> (Tamil video)

**Course Out Comes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to Distinguish between crystalline and

amorphous solids, Classify the crystal systems and able to understand the crystal structure

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to Relate the X-ray diffraction with

 crystal structure and explain the various differences in properties of solids due to

 crystal imperfections

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able tounderstand the different types of

bonding in crystals, apply this to understand the optical , specific heat capacity of solids

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able togain the knowledge of magnetism in

 materialsand able to distinguish different magnetic materials. Also able to understand

 the phenomena of superconductivity and their applications

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to explain the electric polarization in

dielectric materials and also gain the knowledge in dielectric breakdown mechanisms in a dielectric material.

**SKILL BASED SUBJECT**

**PAPER - 4**

**Weather forecasting**

**Course Objectives**

1. To learn about the elementary idea of atmosphere, atmospheric pressure etc.
2. To study how to measure wind speed, direction, rain fall etc.
3. To teach the different weather systems and hurricanes
4. To explain the climate and environmental issues related to climate
5. To give and idea about weather forecasting

**UNIT- I**

**INTRODUCTION TO ATMOSPHERE**

Elementary idea of atmosphere: physical structure and composition; compositional layering of the atmosphere; variation of pressure and temperature with height; air temperature; requirements to measure air temperature; temperature sensors: types; atmospheric pressure: its measurement; cyclones and anticyclones: its characteristics.

**UNIT- II**

**MEASURING THE WEATHER**

Wind; forces acting to produce wind; wind speed direction: units, its direction; measuring wind speed and direction; humidity, clouds and rainfall, radiation: absorption, emission and scattering in atmosphere; radiation laws.

**UNIT- III**

**WEATHER SYSTEMS**

Global wind systems; air masses and fronts: classifications; jet streams; local thunderstorms; tropical cyclones: classification;-naming tropical cyclonestornadoes; hurricanes

**UNIT- IV**

**CLIMATE AND CLIMATE CHANGE**

Climate: its classification; causes of climate change; global warming and its outcomes; air pollution; aerosols, ozone depletion, acid rain, environmental issues related to climate.

**UNIT- V**

**BASICS OF WEATHER FORECASTING**

Weather forecasting: analysis and its historical background; need of measuring weather; types of weather forecasting; weather forecasting methods; criteria of choosing weather station; basics of choosing site and exposure; satellites observations in weather forecasting; weather maps; uncertainty and predictability; probability forecasts.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. Chandrasekar, Basics of AtomsphericScience,PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New

 Delhi,2010.

1. Howard J Critcchfield, General Climatology, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt Ltd, New

 Delhi, 1975.

**Reference Books**

1. I.C. Joshi , Aviation Meteorology, Himalayan Books, 2014.
2. Stephen Burt, The weather Observers Hand book, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
3. S.R. Ghadekar ,Meteorology,Agromet Publishers, Nagpur, 2001.
4. S.R. Ghadekar ,Text Book of Agrometeorology, AgrometPublishers,Nagpur, 2005.
5. Charls Franklin Brooks Why the weather, Chpraman& Hall, London. 1924.
6. John G. Harvey,Atmosphere and Ocean, The Artemis Press, 1995.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atmosphere>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6LkmD6B2ncs>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jTWwnUIygc8>
4. <https://weatherstationguide.com/measure-wind-speed/>
5. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thunderstorm>
6. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cyclone>
7. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/science/winds-storms-and-cyclones/thunderstorms-and-cyclones/>
8. <https://climatekids.nasa.gov/weather-climate/>
9. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Climate>
10. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Weather_forecasting>
11. <https://www.skymetweather.com/15-days-rainfall-forecast-for-india/>
12. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q4-Ufqv6kLo> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to study the atmosphere and its physical

 structure and also to know the variation of pressure and temperature with height.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe the measurement of wind

 speed, direction humidity, rainfall and can state the radiation laws.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain the global wind systems and

 able to know thunderstorms and cyclones.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to conceptualize the classification of

 climate, ozone depletion, acid rain and environmental hazards due to climate change.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to understand the analysis and historical

 background of weather forecasting and know the predictability, probability of

 forecasts.

**GROUP (A)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-1**

**Digital Electronics**

**Course Objectives**

1. Understanding the different number systems and conversion between them and also to

 study the basic logic gates.

1. To teach the laws of Boolean Algebra, De Morgan’s theorems and other logic circuits.
2. To Study combination of logiccircuits and understanding concepts of various flip- flops.
3. To expose the knowledge on various registers and counters.
4. To learn the digital to analog and analog to digital converters.

 **UNIT - I**

**NUMBER SYSTEMS AND BASIC LOGIC GATES**

Number systems -Decimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal system - Conversion from one number system to another- Binary Arithmetic -Addition -Subtraction-Multiplication-Division- 1’s and 2’s complement - Subtraction using Complements-Signed Binary Numbers-Binary codes- BCD code - Excess 3 code, Gray code - ASCII code - Basic logic gates-NOT,OR,AND-Design of AND, OR gates using diodes and NOT gate using transistor-Logic circuits and logic expressions-Sum of Products-Product of Sum- NAND, NOR and EX-OR -functions and truth tables.

**UNIT- II**

**BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC CIRCUITS**

Laws of Boolean algebra - De Morgan’s theorems-NAND & NOR as Universal gates (AND,OR and NOT only)-Karnaugh map - Minterms-Relationship between K-Map and truth table- 2,3 and 4 variable K Map using minterms- Simplification of Boolean function using K Map - Arithmetic Circuits-Half adder and Full adder- Four Bit Adder-BCD Adder- Half subtractor and Full subtractor-Four Bit Adder/Subtractor.

**UNIT- III**

**COMBINATION OF CIRCUITS & FLIP-FLOPS**

Multiplexer-Demultiplexer- Decoder- 2 to 4 and 3 to 8 Decoder-BCD to seven segment decoder- BCD to decimal decoder-Encoder-Programmable Logic Array (PLA)-Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary Conversion using EX-OR gates-Parity Generator and Checker -

Flip Flops -SR Flip Flop -Clocked SR-Edge triggered Flip – Flops- D Flip-Flop - JK Flip-Flop -JK Master-Slave Flip - Flop-T Flip-Flop.

**UNIT- IV**

**REGISTERS & COUNTERS**

Registers-Shift Registers- Shift Right and Shift Left Shift Registers-Ring CounterJohnson’sCounter-Asynchronous/Ripple Counter-Mod-2, Mod-4, Mod-8 and Mod-16 Counter-4-Bit BinaryDow Counter-4-Bit Up/Down Counter-Synchronous Counters-Design of Synchronous Counters-Mod-3, Mod-5 Counter- Synchronous BCD counter.

**UNIT- V**

**D/A AND A/D CONVERTERS**

Binary weighted resistors D/A converter-R-2R Resistive Ladder - Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)-Counter Type A/D Converter-Successive Approximation A/D Converter-Dual Slope A/D Converter-Parallel Comparator A/D Converter.

**Text Book**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. V.Vijayendran, Introduction to Integrated Electronics (Digital & Analog), S.

Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai, 2007.

**Reference Books**

1. Malvino and Leech, Digital Principles and Application, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw

 Hill, New Delhi, 2000.

1. V.Vijayendran, Digital Fundamentals, S.Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private

 Ltd, Chennai,2004.

1. R.P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 2/e, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.,

 New Delhi.

1. H. Taub and D. Schilling , Digital Integrated Electronics -, McGraw-Hill Book

 Company.

1. T.L. Floyd , Digital Fundamentals -, Pearson Education, 8/e.
2. W.H. Gothmann , Digital Electronics -, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 2/e.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4ae9sJBBkvw>
2. <https://learnabout-electronics.org/Digital/dig11.php>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RrynEQ7sG5A>
4. <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/de-morgans-theorem>
5. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flip-flop\_(electronics)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flip-flop_%28electronics%29)
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tSti91b6qec>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vRBnZMJA0LY>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shift_register>
9. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/linear_integrated_circuits_applications/linear_integrated_circuits_applications_digital_to_analog_converters.htm>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y2OPnrgb0pY>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_xxQZEVbPwU> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to gain knowledge between different

types of number systems, and their conversions. Also able to study the various Binary codes and to design basic logic gates.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe laws of Boolean Algebra, De

 Morgan’s theorems. Also able to demonstrate K-Map and simplification of logic

 expressions and to design universal gates using NAND and NOR gates.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain the Multiplexer, Demultiplexer

 and Decoder. Students can know the functions of various Flip-Flop circuits.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to conceptualize the classification of

 registers and counters.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know how to convert digital to analog

 and analog to digital using different methods.

**GROUP (A)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE
PAPER-2**

**Fundamentals of Microprocessor-8085**

**Couse Objectives**

1. To know the complete basic details and architecture of microprocessor 8085
2. To study the different types of instructions and addressing modes
3. To write the simple assembly language programs for arithmetic operations and to

 learn about the instruction cycles

1. To understand the functions of ROM/RAM memory devices and peripheral devices
2. To expose the idea of pin function, working and interacting of peripheral devices

 with microprocessor

**UNIT- I**

**MICROPROCESSOR ARCHITECTURE**

Evolution of Microprocessor-Applications of Microprocessors of Different Generations-The system bus and bus structure-Execution of an instruction-Pin functions of 8085- Architecture of 8085-Block diagram-Register array-ALU and associated circuitry -Instruction Register and Decoder-Timing and Control Unit- Interrupt and Serial I/O units-Types of Interrupts-Programmer’s model of 8085.

**UNIT- II**

**INSTRUCTIONS & ADDRESSING MODES**

Data transfer/ copy Instructions-Arithmetic, Logical- Two examples each instructions-Branch instructions-Unconditional and conditional jump- Call and Return instructions-Stack and Stack related instructions- I/O and Machine control instructions- Addressing modes.

**UNIT- III**

**ALP & INSTRUCTION TIMINGS**

Assembly language programs-Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division (8-bit only)-Largest/smallest in an array-Sum of series of a set- T-State-Machine cycle-Instruction cycle-Memory read cycle-Memory write cycle-Wait state-Halt state-Hold state- Delay calculations-Time delay using a single register.

**UNIT- IV**

**MEMORY AND I/O INTERFACE**

Memory interface basics-Demultiplexing address/data bus-Generation control signals-2K × 8 ROM/RAM Interface - Direct I/O Interface-In FE instruction and its timing diagram- Design of Output Port using octal latch only-Memory mapped I/O- Difference between Direct I/O and Memory mapped interface.

**UNIT- V**

**PERIPHERAL DEVICES & APPLICATIONS**

Hand shake signals-Single Handshake I/O and Double Handshake I/O- Pin function and Block diagram and working of 8255-Pin function and Block diagram and working of 8279-LED Interface-Temperature Controller.

**Text Book**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. Fundamental of Microprocessor - 8085 - Architecture, Programming and interfacing –

 V. Vijyendran, S. Viswanathan, Pvt. Ltd., 2003.

1. A. NagoorKani, 8085 Microprocessor and its Applications, Tata McGraw Hill, New

 Delhi, 2013.

**Reference Books**

1. R.S. Goankar , Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with the

 8085, 3rdEdn. Prentice Hall,

1. B.Ram, Fundamentals of Microprocessors and Microcomputers,DhanpatRai

 Publications, New Delhi.

1. Aditya P Mathur, Introduction to Microprocessors, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing

 Company Ltd., New Delhi,

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ii7PCV2zvms>
2. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8085_pin_configuration.htm>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7nWt5dixiX0> (Tamil video)
4. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8085_instruction_set>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G3iUO96XhC4>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MIx6khOFFoU> (Tamil video)
7. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/8085-program-to-divide-two-8-bit-numbers/>
8. <http://www.psnacet.edu.in/courses/ECE/Microcontroller%20and%20Microprocessor/lecture4.pdf>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-FGw_MPlfbk&vl=en>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_M8hDkRAL6M&vl=en>
11. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/programmable-peripheral-interface-8255/>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know the evolution of microprocessor,

 pin and architecture of 8085 microprocessor in detail.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe different types of instructions

 like data transfer, arithmetic, logical and branching instructions with examples and it

 will be used for writing the assembly language programs.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to write assembly language programs for

 simple arithmetic operations and hence they can apply it for interfacing applications.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to learn the memory interface and

 peripheral interface devices.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know how to interface the peripheral

device with microprocessor 8085 and they are able to write the programs for LED and Temperature control interface system.

**GROUP (A)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-3**

**Nanophysics**

**Course Objectives**

1. To know the fundamentals of nanotechnology.
2. To learn about carbon nanostructures and its properties.
3. To study the preparation of nanomaterial by different methods.
4. To analyse the synthesized nanomaterial by various characterization techniques.
5. To understand the various applications of nanotechnology.

**UNIT- I**

**INTRODUCTION TO NANO AND TYPES OF NANOMATERIAL**

Need and origin of nano - Emergence of nanotechnology with special reference to Feynman.Size & Scales: definition of nanostructures;Top-down and bottom-up approaches- Introductory ideas of 1D, 2D and 3D nanostructured material– Quantumdots - Quantum wire - Quantum well - Exciton confinement in quantum dots-surface to volume ratio-semiconducting and magnetic nanoparticles.

**UNIT- II**

**CARBON NANOSTRUCTURES**

Carbon molecules and carbon bond-C60: Discovery and structure of C60 and its crystal -Superconductivity in C60-Carbon nanotubes: Fabrication - Structure-Electrical properties - Vibrational properties -Mechanical properties - Applications(fuel cells, chemical sensors, catalysts).

**UNIT- III**

**FABRICATION OF NANOMATERIAL**

Synthesis of nanoparticles- wet chemical precipitation method-Synthesis of metal oxide nanoparticles by sol-gel method –Hydrothermal method-Sonochemical method-Electrochemical depositionmethod–Ball milling method.

**UNIT- IV**

**CHARACTERIZATION OF NANOMATERIAL**

Principle, Design and utility-XRD (X-ray diffraction)-particle size analysis using Scherer formula-UV-Visible spectroscopy-Band gap energy-Tau plot-FTIR spectroscopy-structural analysis-EDAX-elemental analysis-Scanning electron microscopy (SEM)- Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)-morphology.

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**UNIT - V**

**APPLICATIONS**

Nanoelectronics–OLEDs-OTFTs-SWNT FETs-Nanorobots–Nanomedicine-bio sensors-targeted drug delivery-Energy storage applications-nanosilicon for solar cells-MEMS and NEMS-Photonic crystals.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. T.Pradeep et al., A Textbook ofNanoscience and Nanotechnology,Tata McGraw Hill,

 New Delhi, 2012.

1. T.Pradeep , Nano: The Essentials,Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.
2. R.W. Kelsall, I.W. Hamley and M. Geoghegan, Nanoscale Science and

 Nanotechnology (John-Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 2005.

1. G. Cao, Nanostructures and Nanomaterials,Imperial College Press, London, 2004.
2. C.P. Poole and F.J. Owens, Introduction to Nanotechnology,Wiley, New Delhi, 2003.

**Reference Books**

1. H.S. Nalwa, Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology,Academic Press, San

 Diego, 2002.

1. M. Wilson, K. Kannangara, G. Smith, M. Simmons, B. Raguse, Nanotechnology:
2. Basic Science and Emerging Technologies,Overseas Press, New Delhi, 2005.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nanotechnology>
2. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carbon_nanotube>
3. <https://www.nanowerk.com/nanotechnology/introduction/introduction_to_nanotechnology_22.php>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sbuIluJhT4A> (Tamil video)
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=14DqBIG96W0>
6. <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/chemistry/sol-gel-process> (Journal)
7. <https://www.slideshare.net/RamalingamGopal/sol-gel-synthesis-of-nanoparticles>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Scanning_electron_microscope>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kdb6dHEHCA0>
10. <https://interestingengineering.com/15-medical-robots-that-are-changing-the-world>
11. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nanorobotics>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know the origin and emergence of

 nanotechnology and also able to define different nanostructures.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe carbon nanostructures and its

fabrication. Also they can know the electrical, vibrational and mechanical properties of carbon nanostructure and its applications.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to know how to fabricate the

 nanomaterial by electrochemical method, lithographic techniques, atomic layer

 deposition method etc.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to learn the characterization techniques

 like SEM,TEM etc for the synthesized nanostructures.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know the applications of

 nanotechnology in different field.

**Thiruvalluvar University, Vellore - 632115**

**GROUP (B)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

 **PAPER-1**

**Digital Electronics**

**Course Objectives**

1. Understanding the different number systems and conversion between them and also to study the basic logic gates.
2. To teach the laws of Boolean Algebra, De Morgan’s theorems and other logic circuits.
3. To Study combination of logic circuits and understanding concepts of various flip- flops.
4. To expose the knowledge on various registers and counters.
5. To learn the digital to analog and analog to digital converters.

 **UNIT - I**

**NUMBER SYSTEMS AND BASIC LOGIC GATES**

Number systems -Decimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal system - Conversion from one number system to another- Binary Arithmetic -Addition -Subtraction-Multiplication - Division- 1’s and 2’s complement - Subtraction using Complements-Signed Binary Numbers-Binary codes- BCD code - Excess 3 code, Gray code - ASCII code - Basic logic gates-NOT,OR, AND-Design of AND, OR gates using diodes and NOT gate using transistor-Logic circuits and logic expressions-Sum of Products-Product of Sum- NAND, NOR and EX-OR -functions and truth tables.

**UNIT- II**

**BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC CIRCUITS**

Laws of Boolean algebra - De Morgan’s theorems-NAND & NOR as Universal gates (AND,OR and NOT only)-Karnaugh map - Minterms-Relationship between K-Map and truth table- 2,3 and 4 variable K Map using minterms- Simplification of Boolean function using K Map - Arithmetic Circuits-Half adder and Full adder- Four Bit Adder-BCD Adder- Half subtractor and Full subtractor-Four Bit Adder/Subtractor.

**UNIT- III**

**COMBINATION OF CIRCUITS & FLIP-FLOPS**

Multiplexer-Demultiplexer- Decoder- 2 to 4 and 3 to 8 Decoder-BCD to seven segment decoder- BCD to decimal decoder - Encoder-Programmable Logic Array (PLA)-Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary Conversion using EX-OR gates-Parity Generator and Checker - Flip Flops -SR Flip Flop -Clocked SR-Edge triggered Flip –Flops- D Flip-Flop - JK Flip-Flop -JK Master-Slave Flip-Flop-T Flip-Flop.

**UNIT- IV**

**REGISTERS & COUNTERS**

Registers-Shift Registers- Shift Right and Shift Left Shift Registers-Ring CounterJohnson’s Counter-Asynchronous/Ripple Counter-Mod-2, Mod-4, Mod-8 and Mod-16 Counter-4-Bit Binary Dow Counter-4-Bit Up/Down Counter-Synchronous Counters-Design of Synchronous Counters-Mod-3, Mod-5 Counter- Synchronous BCD counter.

**UNIT- V**

**D/A AND A/D CONVERTERS**

Binary weighted resistors D/A converter-R-2R Resistive Ladder - Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)-Counter Type A/D Converter-Successive Approximation A/D Converter-Dual Slope A/D Converter-Parallel Comparator A/D Converter.

**Text Book**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. V.Vijayendran, Introduction to Integrated Electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai, 2007

**Reference Books**

1. Malvino and Leech, Digital Principles and Application, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw

Hill, New Delhi, 2000.

2. V.Vijayendran, Digital Fundamentals, S.Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai,2004.

3. R.P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 2/e, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

1. H. Tauband D. Schilling , Digital Integrated Electronics -, McGraw-Hill Book Company.
2. T.L. Floyd , Digital Fundamentals -, Pearson Education, 8/e.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4ae9sJBBkvw>
2. <https://learnabout-electronics.org/Digital/dig11.php>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RrynEQ7sG5A>
4. <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/de-morgans-theorem>
5. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flip-flop\_(electronics)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flip-flop_%28electronics%29)
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tSti91b6qec>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vRBnZMJA0LY>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shift_register>
9. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/linear_integrated_circuits_applications/linear_integrated_circuits_applications_digital_to_analog_converters.htm>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y2OPnrgb0pY>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_xxQZEVbPwU> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to gain knowledge between different

 types of number systems, and their conversions. Also able to study the various Binary codes and to design basic logic gates.

1. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe laws of Boolean Algebra, De

Morgan’s theorems. Also able to demonstrate K-Map and simplification of logic expressions and to design universal gates using NAND and NOR gates.

1. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain the Multiplexer, Demultiplexer

 and Decoder. Students can know the functions of various Flip-Flop circuits.

1. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to conceptualize the classification of

 registers and counters.

1. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know how to convert digital to analog

 and analog to digital using different methods.

**GROUP (B)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-2**

**Materials Science**

**Course Contents**

1. To teach the classification of engineering materials and properties.
2. To discuss the mechanical and thermal behavior of materials.
3. To expose the knowledge on polymers, ceramics and nanomaterial.
4. To study the basics of smart materials.
5. To learn the idea of energy storage materials.

**UNIT - I**

**ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND CHEMICALBONDING**

Classification of engineering materials- levels of structure - structure-property relationship in materials-stability and metastability- bond energy- bond type and bond length- ionic and covalent bonding -Metallic bonding-secondary bonding-lattice energy-Born Haber cycle -cohesive energy -variation in bonding character and properties.

**UNIT- II**

**MECHANICAL AND THERMAL BEHAVIOUR OFMATERIALS**

Elastic behaviour -atomic model of elastic behaviour -Young’s modulus -Poisson’s ratio -shear modulus- bulk modulus-composite materials - the modulus as a parameter of design- rubber like elasticity -plastic deformation -tensile -yield strength -toughness -elongation - hardness- impact strength -stress - strain curve -Heat capacity, thermalconductivity, thermal expansion of materials.

**UNIT- III**

**POLYMERS, CERAMICS AND NANOMATERIAL**

Polymers - Polymerization mechanism - Polymer structures - Deformation of polymers - Behaviour of polymers-Ceramics-Ceramic phases - Structure - classes - Effect of structureon the behaviour of ceramic phases - composites - Nanomaterial-Need and origin of nano-Introductory ideas of 1D, 2D and 3D nanostructured material-Synthesis of oxide nanoparticles by sol-gel method -fullurences-Carbon nanotubes- Fabrication and structure of carbon nanotubes

**UNIT- IV**

**SMART MATERIALS**

Definition of smart materials- Types -Piezoelectric materials-Materials for MEMS and NEMS- Ferro fluid- Magnetic shapememoryalloys (MSMAs)- Shape memory alloy (SMA)- Oneway and Two way memory effect- Dielectric elastomers (DEs).

**UNIT- V**

**ENERGY STORAGE MATERIALS**

Solar cells: Organic solar cells - Polymer composites for solar cells-Polymer membranes for fuel cells - Acid/ alkaline fuel cells -design of fuel cells-Carbon Nanotubes for energy storage - Hydrogen Storage in Carbon Nanotubes.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. V. RaghavanV,Materials science and engineering - A FirstCourse, 5th Ed, Prentice Hall India, New Delhi, 2012.
2. M. Arumugam, Materials Science - Anuradha Agencies, 1990.

**Reference Books**

1. V. Rajendran, Material Science, Tata McGraw Hill Ltd, New Delhi,2001.
2. Dr. M.N. Avadhanulu, Material science, S.Chand& Company, New Delhi, 2014.
3. G.K.Narula, K.S. Narula, V.K. Gupta Materials Science, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing, New Delhi, 1994.
4. M V Gandhi and B S Thompson B S, Smart Materials andStructures. Chapman & Hall 1992.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.learnpick.in/prime/documents/ppts/details/729/classification-of-engineering-materials-part-1>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5hJhRFCUilo>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iegJ76DS3lc>
4. <https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/112108150/pdf/Web_Pages/WEBP_M15.pdf>
5. <https://plastics.americanchemistry.com/plastics/The-Basics/>
6. <https://study.com/academy/lesson/what-are-polymers-properties-applications-examples.html>
7. <https://internetofthingsagenda.techtarget.com/definition/micro-electromechanical-systems-MEMS>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Microelectromechanical_systems>
9. <https://www.iitk.ac.in/reach/2008/Energy/REACH2008-SolarCells-SundarIyer.pdf>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zMLrhgSAPHc>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Homfj_ne0Q> (Tamil video)

**Course Objectives**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to know the origin engineering materials and its classification. Also students will be able to learn the bonding character and its Properties
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe mechanical properties like elastic behavior and thermal properties like heat capacity, thermal conductivity etc.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to know the basics of polymers, ceramics and nanomaterial.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to explain definition and types of smart materials.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to conceptualize the energy storage materials.

**GROUP (B)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-3**

**Medical Physics**

**Course Objectives**

1. To have a fundamental knowledge about the characteristics and production of X-rays.
2. To understand the concept of radiation physics.
3. To have a clear understanding of the design and working of Medical imaging techniques.
4. To understand the concepts and ideas behind radiation therapy.
5. To gain knowledge about the protective measures in radiation therapy.

**UNIT- I**

**X - RAYS**

Electromagnetic spectrum, production of x-rays, x-ray spectra-Brehmsstrahlung, Characteristic x-ray- Coolidge tube, x-ray tubedesign, tube cooling stationary mode, Rotating anode x-ray tube, Tube rating, qualityand intensity of x-ray. X-ray generator circuits, half wave and full wave rectification,filament circuit, kilo voltage circuit, types of X-Ray Generator, high frequencygenerator, exposure timers and switches, HT cables, HT generation.

**UNIT- II**

**RADIATION PHYSICS**

Radiation units exposure, absorbed dose, units: rad, gray,relative biological effectiveness, effective dose, inverse square law- Interaction ofradiation with matter Compton & photoelectric effect, Rem & Sievert, linear attenuationcoefficient - Radiation Detectors: Thimble chamber, condenser chambers, GeigerMuller counter, Scintillation counters and Solid State detectors, ionization chamber, Dosimeters, survey methods, area monitors, TLD, Semiconductor detectors.

**UNIT- III**

**MEDICAL IMAGING PHYSICS**

Evolution of Medical Imaging, X-ray diagnostics and imaging, Physics of nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), NMR imaging, MRI Radiological imaging, Ultrasound imaging, Physics of Doppler with applications and modes, Vascular Doppler. Radiography: Filters, grids, cassette, X-ray film, film processing, fluoroscopy- Computed tomography scanner- principle & function,display, generations, mammography. Thyroid uptake system and Gamma camera (OnlyPrinciple, function and display)

**UNIT- IV**

**RADIATION THERAPHY PHYSICS**

Diagnostic nuclear medicine: Radiopharmaceuticals for radioisotope imaging, -Radioisotope imaging equipment, Single photon and positron emission tomography- Therapeutic nuclear medicine: Interaction between radiation and matter -Dose and isodose in radiation treatment - Medical Instrumentation: Basic Ideas of Endoscope and Cautery, Sleep Apnea and Cpap Machines, Ventilator and its modes

**UNIT- V**

**RADIATION PROTECTION**

Principles of radiation protection,protective materials-radiation effects, somatic, genetic stochastic and deterministiceffect. Personal monitoring devices: TLD film badge -pocket dosimeter, OSL dosimeter- Radiation dosimeter- Natural radioactivity, Biological effects of radiation, Radiationmonitors**-**Steps to reduce radiation to Patient, Staff and Public- Dose Limits forOccupational workers and Public-AERB: Existence and Purpose.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. Dr. K. Thayalan, Basic Radiological Physics, Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2003.
2. Curry, Dowdey and Murrey, Christensen’s Physics of Diagnostic Radiology, Lippincot Williams and Wilkins,1990.
3. FM Khan-Williams and Wilkins,Physics of Radiation Theraphy, Third edition,2003.

**Reference Books**

1. Chandra-LippincotWillams and Wilkins, Nuclear Medicine Physics,1998.
2. William R Hendee-Mosby Medical Imaging Physics, 3rd edition,1992.
3. K.N. Govindarajan,Advanced Medical Radiation Dosimetry, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi ,1992.
4. Muhammad Maqbool, Introduction to Medical Physics ,Springer International Publishing, 2017.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T1WwHh4b__M>
2. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X-ray>
3. <https://www.studyandscore.com/studymaterial-detail/geiger-muller-counter-construction-principle-working-plateau-graph-and-applications>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Sr1BdM89RnA>
5. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Magnetic_resonance_imaging>
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q9-X4uV8ymk>
7. <https://www.adacap.com/nuclear-medicine/>
8. <http://jnm.snmjournals.org/content/57/1/163.full>
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gXR5Wdmeu_s> (Tamil video)
10. <https://www.healthline.com/health/endoscopy>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studying Unit 1, the student will have a clear idea about the fundamentals of the production and characteristics of X-rays.
2. After studying Unit 2, the student would have understood the concept of radiation units and radiation detectors.
3. After studying Unit 3, the student will have a clear understanding of the design and working of Medical imaging techniques and computer tomography scanner.
4. After studying Unit 4, the student will be having a thorough understanding about the diagnostic nuclear medicine and some medical instrumentation.
5. After studying Unit 5, the student would have gained adequate knowledge about the protective measures to be undertaken in radiation therapy.

**GROUP (C)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-1**

**Digital Electronics**

**Course Objectives**

1. Understanding the different number systems and conversion between them and also to study the basic logic gates.
2. To teach the laws of Boolean algebra, De Morgan’s theorems and other logic circuits.
3. To Study combination of logic circuits and understanding concepts of various flip- flops.
4. To expose the knowledge on various registers and counters.
5. To learn the digital to analog and analog to digital converters.

 **UNIT - I**

**NUMBER SYSTEMS AND BASIC LOGIC GATES**

Number systems -Decimal, Binary, Octal and Hexadecimal system - Conversion from one number system to another- Binary Arithmetic -Addition - Subtraction-Multiplication - Division- 1’s and 2’s complement - Subtraction using Complements-Signed Binary Numbers-Binary codes- BCD code - Excess 3 code, Gray code - ASCII code - Basic logic gates-NOT,OR, AND-Design of AND, OR gates using diodes and NOT gate using transistor-Logic circuits and logic expressions-Sum of Products-Product of Sum- NAND, NOR and EX-OR -functions and truth tables.

**UNIT- II**

**BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND LOGIC CIRCUITS**

Laws of Boolean algebra - De Morgan’s theorems-NAND & NOR as Universal gates (AND,OR and NOT only)-Karnaugh map - Minterms-Relationship between K-Map and truth table- 2,3 and 4 variable K Map using minterms- Simplification of Boolean function using K Map - Arithmetic Circuits-Half adder and Full adder- Four Bit Adder-BCD Adder- Half subtractor and Full subtractor-Four Bit Adder/Subtractor.

**UNIT- III**

**COMBINATION OF CIRCUITS & FLIP-FLOPS**

Multiplexer - Demultiplexer - Decoder- 2 to 4 and 3 to 8 Decoder-BCD to seven segment decoder- BCD to decimal decoder - Encoder-Programmable Logic Array (PLA)-Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary Conversion using EX-OR gates-Parity Generator and Checker - Flip Flops -SR Flip Flop -Clocked SR-Edge triggered Flip -Flops- D Flip-Flop - JK Flip-Flop -JK Master-Slave Flip-Flop-T Flip-Flop.

**UNIT- IV**

**REGISTERS & COUNTERS**

Registers-Shift Registers- Shift Right and Shift Left Shift Registers-Ring CounterJohnson’s Counter-Asynchronous/Ripple Counter-Mod-2, Mod-4, Mod-8 and Mod-16 Counter-4-Bit Binary Dow Counter-4-Bit Up/Down Counter-Synchronous Counters-Design of Synchronous Counters-Mod-3, Mod-5 Counter- Synchronous BCD counter.

**UNIT- V**

**D/A AND A/D CONVERTERS**

Binary weighted resistors D/A converter-R-2R Resistive Ladder - Analog to Digital Converter (ADC)-Counter Type A/D Converter-Successive Approximation A/D Converter-Dual Slope A/D Converter-Parallel Comparator A/D Converter.

**Text Book**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. V.Vijayendran, Introduction to Integrated Electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai, 2007.

**Reference Books**

1. Malvino and Leech, Digital Principles and Application, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2000.

2. V.Vijayendran, Digital Fundamentals, S.Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai,2004.

3. R.P. Jain, Modern Digital Electronics, 2/e, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

4. H. Tauband D. Schilling , Digital Integrated Electronics -, McGraw-Hill Book Company.

1. T.L. Floyd , Digital Fundamentals -, Pearson Education, 8/e.

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4ae9sJBBkvw>
2. <https://learnabout-electronics.org/Digital/dig11.php>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RrynEQ7sG5A>
4. <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/de-morgans-theorem>
5. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flip-flop\_(electronics)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flip-flop_%28electronics%29)
6. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tSti91b6qec>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vRBnZMJA0LY>
8. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shift_register>
9. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/linear_integrated_circuits_applications/linear_integrated_circuits_applications_digital_to_analog_converters.htm>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y2OPnrgb0pY>
11. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_xxQZEVbPwU> (Tamil video)

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to gain knowledge between different types of number systems, and their conversions. Also able to study the various Binary codes and to design basic logic gates
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe laws of Boolean Algebra, De Morgan’s theorems. Also able to demonstrate K-Map and simplification of logic expressions and to design universal gates using NAND and NOR gates.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain the Multiplexer, Demultiplexer and Decoder. Students can know the functions of various Flip-Flop circuits.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to conceptualize the classification of registers and counters.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know how to convert digital to analog and analog to digital using different methods.

**GROUP (C)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-2**

**Radiation Safety**

**Course Contents**

1. The students can learn the basic concepts of atomic and nuclear physics
2. To teach the different types of radiation and interaction of charged particles
3. To study the basic idea of different units of activity and working principle of radiation detectors
4. To understand the concept of radiation safety management
5. To give the application of nuclear techniques

**UNIT- I**

**BASICS OF ATOMIC AND NUCLEAR PHYSICS**

Basic concept of atomic structure; X rayscharacteristic and production; concept of bremsstrahlung and auger electron-Thecomposition of nucleus and its properties, mass number, isotopes of element, spin,binding energy, stable and unstable isotopes, law of radioactive decay- Mean life and half-life, -Basic concept of alpha, beta and gamma decay, concept of cross section and kinematics of nuclear reactions- Types of nuclear reaction, fusion, fission.

**UNIT- II**

**INTERACTION OF RADIATION WITH MATTER**

Types of Radiation: Alpha, Beta, Gamma and Neutron and their sources, sealed and unsealed sources, Interaction of Photons - Photoelectric effect, Compton Scattering, Pair Production- Linear and Mass Attenuation Coefficients- Interaction of Charged Particles: Heavy charged particles - Beth-Bloch Formula, Scaling laws, Mass Stopping Power, Range, Straggling, Channeling and Cherenkov radiation- Beta Particles- Collision and Radiation loss (Bremsstrahlung)-Interaction of Neutrons- Collision, slowing down and Moderation.

**UNIT- III**

**RADIATION DETECTION AND MONITORING DEVICES**

Radiation Quantities and Units: Basicidea of different units of activity, KERMA, exposure, absorbed dose, equivalent dose,effective dose, collective equivalent dose, Annual Limit of Intake (ALI) and derived AirConcentration (DAC) - Radiation detection: Basic concept and working principle ofgas detectors (Ionization Chambers, Proportional Counter, Multi-Wire ProportionalCounters (MWPC) and Gieger Muller Counter), Scintillation Detectors (Inorganic andOrganic Scintillators), Solid States Detectors and Neutron Detectors, Thermo luminescent Dosimetr.

**UNIT- IV**

**RADIATION SAFETY MANAGEMENT**

Biological effects of ionizing radiations-Operationallimits and basics of radiation hazards evaluation and control: radiation protectionstandards-International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) principles,justification, optimization, limitation, introduction of safety and risk management ofradiation. Nuclear waste and disposal management.Brief idea about Accelerator drivenSub-critical system (ADS) for waste management.

**UNIT- IV**

**APPLICATION OF NUCLEAR TECHNIQUES**

Application in medical science (e.g., MRI, PET,Projection Imaging Gamma Camera, radiation therapy), Archaeology, Art, Crime detection, Mining and oil-Industrial Uses: Tracing, Gauging, Material Modification,Sterization, Food preservation.

**Text Books**

**Unit 1 to Unit 5**

1. R. Murugeshan and KiruthigaSivaprasath, Modern Physics,S Chand &Co.New Delhi,2006.
2. H. Cember and T. E. Johnson, Introduction to Health Physics, 4th Ed.,McGraw Hill, 2008.
3. K. Thayalan, Handbook of Radiological Safety ,JaypeeBrothers,Medical ,Publishers, 2009.

**Reference Books**

1. Dr. K. Thayalan, Basic Radiological Physics ,Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2003.
2. R. F. Mould Radiation Protection in Hospital (Adam Hilger Ltd., Bristol, 1985.
3. Martin, S. Harbison, K. Beach and P. Cole, An Introduction to Radiation Protection, 6th Ed. CRC Press, 2013.
4. AERB Radiation Protection Rules, 2004.
5. IAEA Safety Series 41

**E-Materials**

1. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Radioactive_decay>
2. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/physics/nuclei/radioactivity-law-of-radioactive-decay/>
3. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9UhmFr2WctU> (Tamil video)
4. <https://ta.wikipedia.org/wiki/%E0%AE%92%E0%AE%B3%E0%AE%BF%E0%AE%AE%E0%AE%BF%E0%AE%A9%E0%AF%8D_%E0%AE%B5%E0%AE%BF%E0%AE%B3%E0%AF%88%E0%AE%B5%E0%AF%81>
5. <https://www2.lbl.gov/abc/wallchart/chapters/15/2.html>
6. <https://www.radiologyinfo.org/en/info.cfm?pg=safety-hiw_09>
7. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DvSNlmGu55c>
8. <http://webfiles.ehs.ufl.edu/rssc_stdy_chp_5.pdf>
9. <https://www.world-nuclear.org/information-library/non-power-nuclear-applications/overview/the-many-uses-of-nuclear-technology.aspx>
10. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ySnG4JZa7Go>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to study the basics of atomic structure and nuclear composition.
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe properties of alpha, beta and gamma rays and also to study the interaction of charged particles.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain radiation qunatities and units and also able to know the principle and working of radiation detectors.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to conceptualize the radiation safety management.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to know the application of nuclear techniques in medicinal science.

**GROUP (C)**

**INTERNAL ELECTIVE**

**PAPER-3**

**Astrophysics**

**Course Contents**

1. To give basic principle and types of astronomical instruments.
2. To study the big bang theory, types of galaxies and to astronomical units.
3. To learn the birth and age of stars and to know about comets.
4. To teach the structure of the sun and other planets.
5. To give the overview of India’s space programme and calendars.

**UNIT- I**

**ASTRONOMICAL INSTRUMENTS**

Optical telescope - reflecting telescope - types of reflecting telescope - advantages of reflecting telescopes - radio telescope - astronomical spectrographs - photographic photometry - photoelectric spectrometry- detectors and image processing.

**UNIT- II**

**SPACE**

Introduction -Hubble’s Law -Big bang theory - Shape of Universe -Expanding universe in space - Galaxies- Types of Galaxies- Spiral, Elliptical and Irregular Galaxies - Clusters of Galaxies - Milky Way - Quasars - Cislunar space -Translunar space - Inter planetary distance -Interesteller space - Inter galactic space - Light Year - Astronomical Unit- Astronomical Map.Astronomical Systems -Astronomical co-ordinates - Celestial Sphere - Celestial Equators - Celestial Poles.

**UNIT- III**

**STARS**

Birth of Stars -Colour and Age- Life of Stars - Red giant stars - With dwarf star - Neutron Star -Black hole - Supernovae - Constellations - Zodiac - Asteroids - Meteors -Meteorites-Comets.

**UNIT- IV**

**SOLAR SYSTEM**

Introduction - Sun - Structure of Sun - Nuclear reactions in sun - Sun spot and solar flares- Earth - Structure of earth - Atmosphere - Moon and its structure - Inner planets Outer planets - Introduction - Sidereal month - Synodic month - daily motion of the moon- age of moon - phase of moon - position of moon at rising and setting-Eclipses-Introduction - umbra and penumbra - lunar eclipse - solar eclipse -durationof lunar and solar eclipse - comparison of solar and lunar eclipses.

**UNIT- V**

**INDIA'S SPACE PROGRAMME**

Overview - Methodological issues in cost beneficial analysis of spaceprogramme - The INSAT system - Broadcasting - Telecommunication -Meteorology - Indian remote sensing programme-Geoinformatics (basic idea only) - The launching program-Latest Launchers- PSLV and GSLV - Mission-Chandrayan 2 - Lunar and Solar calendars - Egyptian - Mayan - Roman - Julian andGregorian calendars - Indian National calendar - Tamil and Malayalamcalendars.

**Text Books**

1. BaidyanathBasu, An introduction to Astrophysics,Pentice Hall of India Private Ltd., New Delhi - 2001.
2. A.Hewish, Physics of the Universe , CSIR publication, New Delhi, 1992.
3. BimanBasu, Inside Stars, CSIR Publication, New Delhi, 1992.
4. K.S.Krishnasamy, Astro Physics a Modern Perspective, New Age International, New Delhi.
5. R. Murugesan, Modern Physics, S. Chand &Co.,New Delhi, 2003.

**Reference Books**

1. Prof. P. Devadas, The fascinating Astronomy, Devadas Telescopies, Chennai.
2. S. Kumaravelu and SusheelaKumaravelu,Astronomy,2013.
3. Textbook of astronomy an astrophysics with elements of cosmology, V.B.Bhatia, Narosapublishing house, 2001.
4. Astrophysics - Stars and Galaxies, K. D. Abhyankar, University Press, 2001.
5. Theoritical Astrophysics (Vols. I,II,III) - T. Padmanavan (CUP)
6. Black Holes, White Dwarfs and Neutron Stars -S.L.Shapiro and S.A.Teukolsky (John

Wiley, 1983).

**E-Materials**

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zlioUjguQk8>
2. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reflecting_telescope>
3. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Milky_Way>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BcjmoEspoRI>
5. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZrS3Ye8p61Y>
6. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Star>
7. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solar_System>
8. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AC0HdUD1RfA> (Tamil video)
9. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eeS7byxWDM4>
10. <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Indian_National_Satellite_System>

**Course Outcomes**

1. After studied unit-1, the student will be able to study the different types of optical instruments like telescopes and spectrographs will be used for observing/recording the space objects.
2. After studied unit-2, the student will be able to describe big bang theory, different types of galaxies, milky way and astronomical unit.
3. After studied unit-3, the student will be able to explain about stars, constellations, asteroids, meteorites and comets.
4. After studied unit-4, the student will be able to know the details of solar system and able to know the formation eclipse due to sun, moon and earth.
5. After studied unit-5, the student will be able to understanding the different space programmers/missions carried out by our Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO) and also to study the lunar and solar calendars.

**CORE PRACTICAL**

**Semester: V & VI**

**PAPER - 3**

**Core Practical - 3 (General)**

**List of Experiments (Any 15 Experiments only)**

1. Bifilar Pendulum - Parallel Threads - Verification of Parallel and Perpendicular axes theorems.
2. Young’s modulus - Koenig’s method - non- uniform bending.
3. Young’s modulus -Koenig’s method - uniform bending.
4. Newton’s rings -Refractive index of material a convex lines.
5. Spectrometer i- i’ Curve.
6. Spectrometer -Narrow angled prism - angle of deviation - normal incidence and normal emergence - refractive index.
7. Spectrometer-Dispersive power of a prism.
8. Spectrometer-Dispersive power of a grating.
9. Field along the axis of circular coil -Deflection magnetometer -M and BH- Null Deflection Method.
10. Field along the axis of circular coil -Vibrating magnetic needle -Determination of BH.
11. Potentiometer - EMF of a Thermocouple.
12. Potentiometer -Calibration of High range Voltmeter.
13. Potentiometer - Conversion of galvanometer into Voltmeter.
14. Potentiometer - Conversion of galvanometer into Ammeter.
15. BG - Absolute capacitance of a capacitor.
16. BG - Comparison mutual inductances.
17. BG --High resistance by leakage.
18. BG - Internal resistance of a cell.
19. Hartley Oscillator- Using transistor.
20. Colpitt’s oscillator-Using transistor.
21. RC Coupled Amplifier- Single stage.
22. FET -Characteristics.
23. UJT - Characteristics.
24. SCR- Characteristics
25. Clipping and Clamping circuits

**Text Books**

1. C.C. Ouseph, U.J. Rao, V. Vijayendran, Practical Physics and Electronics, S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai,2018.

2. M.N.Srinivasan, S. Balasubramanian, R.Ranganathan, A Text Book of Practical Physics, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2015.

**Reference Books**

1. Samir Kumar Ghosh, A Textbook of Advanced Practical Physics, NCBA, Kolkatta, 2000.
2. D. Chattopadyay, P.C.Rakshit, An Advanced Course in Practical Physics, NCBA, Kolkatta, 2011
3. C.L.Arora, B.Sc., Practical Physics,S. Chand and Company., New Delhi.
4. D.P..Khandelwal D.P., A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes. Vani Publications.
5. B.Saraf et al, Physics through Experiments,Vikas Publications.
6. Harnaam Singh., B.Sc., Practical Physics,S. Chand and Company., New Delhi.
7. D C Tayal, University Practical Physics, Himalaya Publishing House.
8. Gupta & Kumar, Practical Physics, Pragatiprakashan, Meerut.

**Thiruvalluvar University, Vellore - 632115**

**CORE PRACTICAL**

**Semester: V & VI**

**PAPER-4**

**Core Practical-4 (Electronics)**

**List of Experiments (Any 12 Experiments only)**

1. Transistor - Phase shift oscillator.
2. Transistor - Wien bridge oscillator.
3. Emitter Follower.
4. FET-Amplifier.
5. UJT-Relaxation Oscillator.
6. Verification of De Morgan’s Theorems.
7. K-Map reduction and logic circuit implementation.
8. Half adder and Full adder - using NAND gate.
9. Half subtractor and Full subtractor- using NAND gate.
10. RS, Clocked RS, and D Flip Flops using NAND gate.
11. Four bit ripple counter - 7473 / 7476.
12. Shift Register - Four bit left / right - 7473 / 7476.
13. D/A converter-4-bit binary weighted resistor method.
14. OP-AMP-Voltage follower, Adder, Subtractor, Averager (inverting mode).
15. OP-AMP- Differentiator and Integrator
16. OP-AMP- Inverting amplifier with frequency gain response.
17. OP-AMP-Astablemultivibrator.
18. Microprocessor 8085-ALP for Number conversion-8 bit -BCD to binary-Binary to BCD
19. Microprocessor 8085-ALP for 8 bit addition, Subtraction -using BCD & Hexadecimal.
20. Microprocessor 8085- ALP for Sum of N elements

**Text Books**

1. C.C. Ouseph, U.J. Rao, V. Vijayendran, Practical Physics and Electronics, S. Viswanathan, Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Chennai,2018.

2. M.N.Srinivasan, S. Balasubramanian, R.Ranganathan, A Text Book of Practical Physics, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2015.

**Reference Books**

1. Samir Kumar Ghosh, A Textbook of Advanced Practical Physics, NCBA, Kolkatta, 2000.
2. D. Chattopadyay, P.C.Rakshit, An Advanced Course in Practical Physics, NCBA, Kolkatta, 2011
3. C.L.Arora, B.Sc., Practical Physics,S. Chand and Company., New Delhi.
4. D.P..Khandelwal D.P., A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes. Vani Publications.
5. B.Saraf et al, Physics through Experiments,Vikas Publications.
6. Harnaam Singh., B.Sc., Practical Physics,S. Chand and Company., New Delhi.
7. D C Tayal, University Practical Physics, Himalaya Publishing House.
8. Gupta & Kumar, Practical Physics, Pragatiprakashan, Meerut.

**CORE PAPER-COMPULSORY**

**Project with viva voce**

**Preamble**

The concept of introducing the project will help the student community to learn and apply the principles of Physics and explore the new research avenues - In the course of the project the student will refer books, Journals or collect literature / data by the way of visiting research institutes/ industries or social relevance problem. He/she may even do experimental /theoretical work in his/her college and submit a dissertation report with a minimum of 25 pages not exceeding 30 pages.

**Format for Preparation of Project**

The sequence in which project should be arranged and bound should be as follows

1. Cover Page and title Page
2. Declaration
3. Certificate
4. Abstract (not exceeding one page)
5. Acknowledgement (not exceeding one page)
6. Contents (12 Font size, Times new Roman with double line spacing)
7. List of Figures/ Exhibits/Charts
8. List of tables
9. Symbols and notations
10. Chapters
11. References

**Distribution of marks for Project: (25+75 = 100 Marks)**

**Internal : 25 Marks**

**External : 75 Marks**

1. For Organization and presentation of Project - 40 marks
2. For the novelty /Social relevance - 10 marks
3. Presentation of work /Participation in state/

 National level Seminar/publication - 5 marks

1. Viva voce (Preparation, Presentation of

work and Response to questions) - 20 marks